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ROWTON.

THE portraiture of this renowned English racehorse, as presented in the last number of the Turf Register, does not in my judgment do him justice. Whilst the engraving is inferior, the figure presented is not equal to that of the living animal. On seeing him it struck me that I had hitherto seen no such perfect model of his species. To a light, tapering and slightly arched neck, more like mare than stallion, is gracefully joined a clean head of skin and bone, with eye sparkling and spirited—a head which few can equal and none *eclipse*, except in size. In body and limbs the too common redundancy of beef and

bone is supplied by strong and well defined development of sinew and muscle. He compares, in fact, with certain stallions whose chief boast is in 'rising sixteen hands,' as does the *true* with the *soi-disant* sportsman; reminding one of the difference between the proud, erect, and gallant game cock, and the 'Bucks county' rooster. Will you permit me by-the-by, to add an extract, from an elegant letter, other parts of which have lately been quoted, addressed at the age of only twenty-two, by Joseph Allston, afterwards governor of South Carolina, to Theodosia, the ill-fated daughter of Col. Burr, to whom, then but eighteen, Mr. Allston was engaged to be married.

The youthful writer was sketching in the glow of conscious verity, the character of the gentlemen of his native state. Whatever of moral deterioration may have been wrought in other states, and finally may be in that, by the nature of some of our civil institutions, and the effect of their mode of administration, it must be admitted of our proud sister *Carolina*, that the fine constitutional temperament and traits of character, delineated by the then youthful Allston, with such remarkable felicity, have come down, so far, in all their identity and distinctness to her leading sons of the present day.

'The genius,' said he, 'of the Carolinian, like the inhabitant of all southern countries, is quick, lively and acute. In steadiness and perseverance he is naturally inferior to the native of the north, but this defect of climate is overcome by his ambition or necessity; and whenever this happens, he seldom fails to distinguish himself. In his temper he is gay and fond of company, open, generous, and unsuspecting, easily irritated, and quick to resent even the appearance of insult; but his passion, like the fire of the flint, is lighted up and extinguished in the same moment. I do not mention his hospitality and kindness, for they are so common they are no longer esteemed virtues; like common honesty, they are noticed only when not possessed. Nor is it for the elegance of their manners only that the South Carolinians are distinguished; sound morality is equally conspicuous among them. Gaming, so far from being a fashionable vice, is confined entirely to the lower class of people—among gentlemen it is deemed disgraceful. *Many of them it is true are fond of the turf, but they pursue the sports of it as an amusement and recreation, not as a business.* As to hunting, the country gentlemen occasionally engage in it, but surely there is nothing criminal in this! From my education, and other pursuits, I have seldom participated in it myself, but I consider it above all exercises the most manly and healthful.'

To return to Rowton, the fact might have been mentioned, which few, except his owner would have withheld, that he possesses a letter from the celebrated Chifney, (the crack trainer and rider of England,

and in weight of judgment and authority, the Lord Mansfield *of the turf*,) in which he, who had owned and ridden the renowned Priam himself, says, that he *never had handled Rowton's equal as a race-horse!*

CHESTATEE.

A friend has called our attention to the dissatisfaction of Col. John E. Colhoun, as expressed in the November number of the Turf Register, 'for grossly overlooking,' his gray mare, Chestatee, in a list of blood stock, which we published last summer. Col. Colhoun can certainly not have read the remarks, which accompanied the list, or he would never have uttered the complaint, which we notice. We did not pretend, as stated by complainant, 'to enumerate the racing stock of the south'—we aspired to no such task—we had neither the necessary ability nor materials. Our humble aim was simply, as stated in the beginning of the obnoxious article, to give a list of the blood stock belonging to gentlemen of '*this vicinity*.' Chestatee, who had received the just tribute of our pen on the proper occasion, was, by her location, cut off from the honour, if any honour it would have been, of a place in our limited enumeration. After the article was written, it was submitted to some sporting friends to ascertain its accuracy, who suggested, that it would be gratifying to the gentlemen of the turf, to know the destination of some horses, who no longer mingled in the active contentions of the course, but who for particular reasons, were the objects of considerable curiosity and interest. And they furnished several names, with the pedigrees, which from this motive, finally had a place in our list. The majority of Col. Crowell's horses properly belonged to '*this vicinity*,' for here they were actually stationed and so have been ever since. We hope this explanation will atone for the '*unjust*,' neglect, by the writer, of the claims of Chestatee to distinguished notice. Had it been our design to have enumerated any stock out of our own immediate neighbourhood, we should certainly not have forgotten Chestatee, whose place in the second heat on our three mile day, was, as her owner states, second to Bascomb. Col. Colhoun, however, might have been more respectful to our motives. They, as well as our actions, are it is true, of '*little consequence*,' but what motive could we have had in not including a Pendleton nag, in a list, which professed to include those only of our immediate neighbourhood? In its first conception, it was intended to have been confined entirely to Richmond county, and finally transcended that limit in the way and from the motive mentioned. Col. Colhoun will understand us, when we say, if Chestatee had been of a different gender,

and removed from the turf, with the reputation she then had, we might possibly have been spared the necessity of this explanation. We might further assure Col. C. that this unlucky list did not at last, with all our industry to make it complete, embrace the stock of several of our breeders. Messrs. Dalby & Haun gave us no list; but we happened to know of Mr. Dalby's interest in Elborak, Molly Long, and Patsey Wallace, and therefore mentioned them, as they were then here. Nor does the list include the stock of Mr. Leverich, one of the most extensive and successful breeders in the county. He, with a few others, neglected to furnish the necessary information, till it was too late. But none of these gentlemen accuse us 'of grossly overlooking the reputation of their dumb brutes,' nor ascribe to us any motives, of much, or 'little consequence.'

To settle the matter, however, and possibly to give Chestatee a faster hold in future on our memory, we'll bet the colonel a bottle of champagne, that we beat Chestatee, if she run on either the three or four mile day of the approaching races.

Georgia Courier, Nov. 21, 1836.]

Augusta, Nov. 28.

We regret to state that Col. Colhoun's fine mare, Chestatee, died during the races. She was contending successfully against Vertumnus and Clodhopper, the first having tired down entirely in the second heat of the three mile day, when on the second round of the second heat, she was suddenly seized with spasms, principally in her hind legs and loins, by which she was entirely disabled from standing, and died in great agony about an hour afterwards.

In the pedigree of Chestatee, published in the November number, page 144, instead of 'g. g. grandam Oscar,' it should be g. g. grandam Orelia, by Percy, &c.

TRACK—TRACT.—Gentlemen of the southern turf, do write the word *track*, whenever you are speaking of the path of the race course. If you are discoursing on the subject of your large tracts of land, especially *sugar* land, you may use the *t*, because *sugar* and *tea* are natural friends, but on race courses we don't use *tea* you know.

Capt. R. F. Stockton, of Princeton, N. J. has sold to Walter Livingston, Esq. of New York, his splendid horse Trustee, one of the best stallions ever sent out to this country. Trustee was foaled in 1829, and comes of a racing family on both sides, having been got by Catton, out of Emma, by Whisker. He has not only been a distinguished racer himself, but is own brother to Mundig, the winner of the Derby in 1835.

MARGRAVE,

WINNER OF THE GREAT DONCASTER ST. LEGER.

Margrave, the best bred and best son of Muley, and the best horse of his year, was foaled in 1829. He was got by Muley, a son of Orville (winner of the St. Leger, and most capital stallion, having covered as high as £52,) out of Eleanor, (winner of both Derby and Oaks, the only time it has yet been done,) the best mare of her time, and own sister to Julia the dam of Phantom, and Cressida the dam of Priam. Orville is the sire of Emilius, now covering at 50 sovs. and Emilius himself is the sire of Priam, covering at 30 sovs. by subscription; Plenipo, covering at 25 sovs. (all three winners of the Derby;) Sarpedon, imported, Oxygen, winner of the Oaks, and many other good ones. Muley is also the sire of Vespa, winner of the Oaks, Muley Moloch, Leviathan, imported, and others of note.

Margrave's dam was got by Election, the winner of the Derby, and a capital racer, *all distances*. Election was one of the best, if not the best son of Gohanna, the best four mile horse of his day and as a stallion equal in reputation and character to *any of any age*. Election was bred by Lord Egremont, and exchanged by him with the Duke of Grafton for Whalebone. He died young, but not without proving himself a capital and favourite stallion, being the sire of Gustavus, winner of the Derby, Rufus, and other fine runners.

Margrave's grandam was Fair Helen, by Hambletonian, the best horse of his day, having beat all his competitors, and won all his races, except once, when he bolted, and being held in the highest estimation for his invincible game, a quality which he has imparted to his stock in an eminent degree. His great grandam was Helen, by Delpini—Rosalind by Phenomenon—Atalanta by Matchem—Lass of the Mill by Oronoko—Traveller—Miss Makeless—Partner—Woodcock—Croft's Bay Barb—Makeless—Brimmer—Dicky Pierson—Burton Barb mare. This pedigree is not only fashionable and rich, but it is remarkable for the stoutness of its crosses, they all being of the *hard-bottomed four mile sort*. Muley, the only one of all these horses about whom there ever existed any doubt in this respect, has, by the honest running of his get, fully vindicated and established his character for stoutness.

Margrave appeared on the turf when two years old.

1831. Stockbridge, June 8, a sweepstakes of 50 sovs. each h. ft. for two year old colts, 8st. 7lbs., and fillies, 8st. 4lbs. Three quarters of a mile. 7 subs.

Mr. Wreford's ch. c. Margrave by Muley out of Principessa's dam, 119lbs. - - - - - 1

Mr. J. Saddler's b. f. Eleanor, by Middleton, 116lbs. - - - - - 2

Mr. Shard's b. c. Revealer, by Reveller, 119lbs. - - - - - 3

Mr. Maberly's ch. f. Nannette, by Partizan, 116lbs. - - - - - 4

Two to one on the field against Margrave. A good race, and won by a length.—Sporting Magazine, 1831.

Winchester, August 24, sweepstakes of 50 sovs. each. Two years old course, last half mile; 4 subs. Margrave walked over.

Newmarket, second October meeting, Oct. 18, renewal of the Clearwell stakes of 30 sovs. each, 20 ft. for two year old colts, 8st. 5lb. and fillies, 8st. 3lbs. Two year old course, 40 subs.

Mr. Chifney's ch. f. Emiliana, by Emilius, 115lbs. - - - - - 1

Mr. Dilly's ch. c. Margrave, by Muley, 117lbs. - - - - - 2

Doncaster by Muley, Spencer by Sultan, Lucina by Brutandorf, Langravine, Peter Pindar, Ebony by Trifle, Fedora, and five others started, but were not placed.

'The struggle between the two was exceedingly interesting, and terminated in favour of the filly, by about half a length. Margrave had a *very bad start*; he is likely to improve as a three year old, and appears to us to be *better adapted to a distance*.'—New Sporting Magazine, vol. ii. page 63.

Again, see page 328.—'It must be observed that he lost more at starting, than is usually made up in a two year old distance.'

'If we look at the nature of Margrave's running, he is certainly a most promising nag for the Derby. He won the Criterion stakes, (a very trying race for a two year old,) in a particularly neat manner; and he *ought* to have the Clearwell: but he had a *bad start*; notwithstanding which, he went by all the other horses in the race, except Emiliana, (whom he subsequently beat,) to whom he kept a close second; he is a powerful colt.'—Page 146.

Newmarket, Houghton meeting, Oct. 31, the Criterion Stakes of 30 sovs. each, 20 ft. for two year olds. From the turn of the land in. 36 subs.

Mr. Dilley's ch. c. Margrave, 117lbs. - - - - - 1

Col. Peel's b. c. Archibald, 117lbs. - - - - - 2

Landgravine, Kittums, Count Ivon, Scuffle, Kate by Lapdog, and two others, started, but were not placed.

'Betting two to one on the field against Margrave, who won in beautiful style.'

'That this horse ought never to have been beaten, we are all now well aware.' 'He will, I suspect, turn out the flower of the flock.' (Meaning the colts of his year.)—Sporting Magazine, No. 4, page 259.

'The two favourites then singled themselves out, and made a most beautiful struggle, whipping to within thirty yards of the end: when George Edwards again took his horse, the Margrave, by the head and sent him in a decided winner, after a severe race.' '*He had too much stride*' for his competitors.—Sporting Magazine, No. 4, page 172. He won two races this year, one of them one of the Newmarket '*big things*,' walked over once, and ran second for another big sweepstakes at Newmarket, which was won by Emiliana, (whom he afterwards beat,) because Margrave had a bad start, and was then *crowded out*, so that he could not pass his opponents in time to win.—Sporting Magazine, No. 4, page 46.

Margrave was now sold to Mr. Gully for 2,600 guineas, and made his first appearance, as a three year old, in the Derby. He and St. Giles were now in the same stable, and Margrave in his trial proved a '*clipper*,'—much superior to St. Giles, the winner of the Derby, and would doubtless have won that great stakes, *if he had not been compromised to the winner*.—See Nimrod in the Quarterly Review, and also the Sporting Magazines.

1832. Epsom, June 7, the Derby stakes of 50 sovs. each, h. ft. for three year old colts, 8st. 7lbs. and fillies, 8st. 2lbs. Last mile and a half. 101 subs.

Mr. Ridsdale's ch. c. St. Giles, by Tramp, imported,	-	-	1
Mr. Vansittart's ch. c. Perion, by Whisker,	-	-	2
Mr. Ridsdale's ch. c. Trustee, by Catton,	-	-	3

Margrave, Gratis, Damascus, Beiram, Emiliana, Kate, Minster, Non Compos, Lazarone, Creeper, Spencer, Bedouin, Revealer, Rouncival, Mixbury, Messenger, Haymaker, Wallace, and another, also started but were not placed.

'The Derby was remarkable for the immense pace. Margrave was not made use of. And had all been running *to win*, Margrave would have been first, and Beiram second.' '*Margrave and Trustee were evidently sacrificed to St. Giles*.—New Sporting Magazine, vol. iv. page 153. 'My own opinion on the day—and subsequent events have fully confirmed it,—was, that *Margrave was by far the best horse in the race*.'—Sporting Mag. No. 6, page 196. It is unnecessary to produce more evidence to prove what is admitted by all sportsmen in England at this time, and constantly and uniformly asserted in the sporting works of that country, that Margrave was able and ready to win the Derby *with ease*. He had a few days before, as there is *good authority* for saying, beaten St. Giles, then in the same stable, many lengths in a trial. It was evident to the spectators of the race, that Margrave could, with difficulty, be restrained from going a-head and winning against the wishes of his rider. But it suited the betting of

his owners, that another, and not Margrave, should win, and he was thus sacrificed to aid the designs of his owners.

Doncaster, September 18, the St. Leger stakes of 50 sovs. each, h. f. for three year old colts, 8st. 6lbs. and fillies, 8st. 3lbs. St. Leger course, 73 subs.

Mr. Gully's ch. c. Margrave, 118lbs. - - - - 1

Sir R. W. Bulkeley's b. c. Birdcatcher, 111lbs. - - - - 2

Physician, Richmond, Retainer, Julius, Daxon, David, Trustee, brother to Maria, Fang, Byzantium, Carleton, Nitvins, Roué, Ludlow, and another started, but were not placed. Eight to one against Margrave, who had been hurt on his leg a few days before.

'It is but justice to say, that Margrave won *very easy*.'—Sporting Magazine, No. 5, page 494. 'Margrave, who won the St. Leger, was within a week of the day of running, actually uncertain whether he could be fit to start for it; as it was, there can be no question that he was the best horse in the race, and will, when well, dispose of either of his competitors for the Leger. Mr. Gully was well aware that he had got a nag quite good enough to have won the Derby.'—Sporting Magazine, No. 6, page 269.

September 20, the Gascoigne stakes of 100 sovs. each, 30 ft. for three year olds. St. Leger course, 11 subs.

Mr. Gully's ch. c. Margrave, 122lbs. (4lbs extra.) - - - - 1

Mr. Fox's br. c. Julius, by Jerry, 118lbs. - - - - 2

Betting five to one on Margrave.

The Gascoigne stakes again produced the winner of the Leger, rode by Robinson, with an extra four pounds on his back, the reward of his late victory; and throwing the gauntlet to eleven others engaged, only Julius could be found to face the *invincible*. 'Won cleverly, without trouble.' Sporting Magazine, No. 5, page 495.

Newmarket, first October meeting, Oct. 1, the tenth renewal of the Grand Duke Michael stakes, of 50 sovs. each, for colts 8st. 7lbs. and fillies 8st. 3lbs. (Across the flat,) 15 subs.

Mr. Gully's ch. c. Margrave, 119lbs. - - - - 1

Mr. Day's Salute, 115lbs. - - - - 2

Lord Exeter's br. f. Galatea, (winner of the Oaks,) 115lbs. - 3

Sir Mark Wood's Count Robinson, and Lord Worcester's Copper Captain, also started, but were not placed. 14 to 8 on Margrave.

October 3, (two days after last race,) the St. Leger stakes of 25 sovs. each, for three year olds; colts 8st. 7lbs. and fillies, 8st 4lbs. D. I. (Rather more than two miles,) 17 subs.

Col. Peel's br. c. Archibald, (beat previously by Margrave.) 1

Mr. Gully's ch. c. Margrave, - - - - 2

Lord Exeter's Beiram, - - - - 3

Lord Chesterfield's ch. c. Noncompos, - - - - 4

Six to five on Margrave who was beat by a head.

Another specimen of the hammering system was exhibited in the case of Margrave; and the result was exactly what might have been expected. Here was a horse, at Doncaster, on the 20th September, (who in the previous week had been thought to be even unfit to run,) had won two races, and was started to travel some *six days journey* on the road; and on the 1st of October, within ten days only of his having run at Doncaster, actually wins the Duke Michael, beating the winner of the Oaks! On the day following but one, Margrave is dragged out to meet fresh horses, and not only fresh, but the *best at Newmarket*, and is then beaten only a head. After all, my opinion is, that the horse would have won cleverly, had Robinson been allowed to have made steady running *all through*, with his horse, *considering the stoutness of Margrave.*—Old Sporting Magazine, page 270; see also, New Sporting Magazine, vol. iv. pages 158, 159.

'The October meetings closed the racing season. Some of the races, were highly important.* Margrave, within ten days from Doncaster, started for the Grand Duke Michael, against Salute, Beiram, and another, and won it. Here he ought to have stopped. But no, although there was only *one day's rest*, the distance the D. I. and the horse stale, he was started for it. As a lesson to his master not to force a willing horse, we were glad to see him beaten. But *it is clear it was freshness alone* that enabled Archibald to win.'

New Market, third October meeting, Margrave paid half forfeit in a match with Camarine, four years old, for 300 guineas, A. F. receiving 19 pounds.

1833. Newmarket, Craven meeting, April 11, the Claret stakes of 200 sovs. each, h. ft. for colts, 8st. 7lbs. and fillies, 8st. 2lbs. D. I. Eight subscribers.

Duke of Cleaveland's ch. c. Trustee, imp. S. Chifney,	-	1
Lord Conyngham's b. c. Minster,	- - - - -	2
Lord Exeter's ch. c. Beiram,	- - - - -	3
Mr. Gully's ch. c. Margrave,	- - - - -	4

Even on Trustee, three to one against Beiram, five to two against Minster, and five to one against Margrave, who was amiss.

Newmarket first Spring meeting, April 22, Mr. Gully's Margrave, 8st. 9lbs. received from Lord Conyngham's Basselaw, (dead,) 8st. 2lbs. Ab: M. 200, half forfeit.

'The Muleys are coming out in great force, and bid fair to prove formidable rivals to the forty and fifty guinea stallions, Emilius and Sultan. Margrave won easily' (the Grand Duke Michael) 'and glided to the front, with his *great stride*, without being ruffled in the slightest degree.' 'Margrave having won *three great events*, and travelled 150

miles in a fortnight, without any apparent effect on him,' started for the Newmarket St. Leger stakes, 17 subscribers. 'But, however creditable to his prowess, it enabled little Archibald just by a head to beat him; he having remained at home, *bottled up for the purpose*, nearly the whole summer. It was a fine struggle from the Duke's stand. In the last five strides, Margrave hung a little, but was not tired. He is the largest horse of his year.' *Sporting Magazine*, No. 6, pages 50-52; also *New Sporting Magazine*, vol. iv. page 111. 'But of this I am satisfied, that *whatever Flying Childers did bona fide do, could be done by our Sultans, Priams, or Margraves*, provided they were not trained until five or six years old.'—*Sporting Magazine*, No. 6. page 88. Messrs. Gully and Ridsdale compromised to give the race (the Derby) to St. Giles, although, *doubtless, Margrave could have won it.*' See an article in the *Quarterly Review* by that most excellent writer, Nimrod.

Here Margrave's racing career ended. It would be useless to multiply extracts from sporting works to prove his unrivalled excellence, on the turf. Without any design to bestow undue praise, and out of sheer justice to Margrave, it may be affirmed as abundantly proved by the events of his racing career, that he was fully able to do what has been achieved *once only* in fifty-six years, that is, carry off *both the Derby and St. Leger Stakes*.* He won the St. Leger, 'the great northern event' with ease, and could have won with equal ease the Derby, the great *southern sweepstakes*, as now known beyond a doubt. Priam won the Derby and ran second for the St. Leger, which he ought to have won. Mameluke won the Derby, and ran second for the St. Leger. The Colonel ran second (after a dead heat with Cadland) for the Derby, and won the St. Leger. Winning *either* of these great stakes, fairly and honestly, places a horse high in the lists of fame; that Margrave was able to win *both* is conclusive evidence of his *great* superiority.

It is equally evident that Margrave was the best racer in the kingdom of his age, for two years. He was the best two year old, and also the best three year old in the kingdom.

It is also evident, that he was the best colt of his year in all England. This is plain, not only by his success in winning the big things at Newmarket, Doncaster, and elsewhere, but by his beating on different occasions all the best colts of his year, the winners of the Prindergast, the Clearwell, the July, the Claret, the Newmarket, the 2,000 guinea stakes, the St. Leger, &c. at Newmarket, the winner of the Oaks at Epsom, and indeed the winners of almost all the big stakes at

* Champion won both these great stakes in 1800.

the most fashionable courses. A horse able to do all these things must have possessed most *extraordinary* powers as a racer.

Margrave was now selected by Mr. Watt, who bred Memnon, Lottery, and many other first rates, to serve his stud, where he covered in 1834 and 1835, at eleven guineas, including the groom's fee. In the fall of 1835 he was imported into Virginia, and made the season of 1836, at sixty dollars, at Pittsylvania C. H. in that state. He is now gone to Tennessee, and will make his next season at Nashville.

Margrave is a horse of immense power, 16 hands high, with large bone, great substance, good action, sound constitution, excellent temper, and is a very fine and sure foal-getter. His colour is a dark chestnut, without white. He promises to be one of the most valuable of the late importations. M.

BLOOD.

GREAT ST. LEGER—ELIS—BAY MIDDLETON, &c.

That 'blood will tell' is a maxim no less true than trite. Every day confirms it. The winners both of this year's Derby and St. Leger show the value of the stock of some of our 'recent importations.'

Elis has won the great St. Leger, in as fine style and as good time as it was ever run—3m. 20s. Won easily—distance two hundred yards short of two miles, with 118lbs. Elis, as will appear, is 'something like half-brother in blood' to imported Autocrat (lately sold in Tennessee) for \$4,000. Scroggins, brother to imported St. Giles, (also in Tennessee,) ran second, and Begswing half sister to imported Emancipation third—the very station he occupied when beat in the Leger by Birmingham and Priam.

It had been predicted that Elis would win, and was observed, (see our Nov. number, page 107,) that his public running should entitle him to the first place in the betting.

Elis was got by Langar, out of Olympia, (bred in 1815 by Lord Stamford) by Sir Oliver—her dam Scotilla by Anvil (son of Herod) out of Scota by Eclipse—Harmony by Herod, &c.

Imported Autocrat, (bred in 1822, also by Lord Stamford,) was got by Grand Duke out of Olivetta by Sir Oliver—her dam Scotina by Delpini (son of Highflyer the best son of Herod) out of Scota by Eclipse—Harmony by Herod, &c. &c. See Turf Reg. vol. vi. p. 325, for pedigree in full.

Langar by Selim, son of imported Buzzard; dam by Walton, granddam Young Giantess (Sorcerer's and Eleanor's dam) by imported Diomed, Matchem, &c.

Elis has run with extraordinary success, having already won eleven

prizes,—the Chesterfield, Malcomb, (5lbs. extra,) Clearwell, Criterion, (with 7lbs. extra,) and another stake at two years old, beating large fields and winning an immense amount.

In the first spring (Newmarket) meeting, this year, he met Bay Middleton, for the 2,000 guineas stakes, and was beaten by half a head after a very severe and well contested struggle, in which the field was completely tailed off. They are said to have run their mile in 1m. 30s.

He next won the drawing-room stakes, at Goodwood, and on the following day came out for the cup, when he ran second to Hornsea; under, however, much more than ordinary disadvantage, as he carried 5lbs. extra, while his successful opponent was allowed a reduction to the same extent, making the difference of 10lbs. In this race, both beat Rockingham, a Leger winner.

Hornsea had run second to the Queen of Trumps for the Leger, and two days after ran Touchstone to a head, in extraordinary time, beating the famed Gen. Chasse. Yet, at the same meeting, Elis won the racing stakes, with 6lbs. extra. He shortly after won the Lewis stake.

£12,000 to 12,00 being bet with Lord Lichfield against Elis, (which he won, together with the stake worth £2,070, including deduction,) he caused a carriage to be constructed in which Elis was drawn by relays of horses, at the rate of eighty miles a day, by which contrivance he arrived perfectly fresh in time for the race.

It is probable that Bay Middleton is the only horse of his year that can compare with Elis. ('Examiner' evidently meant him, when writing, probably 'Calamo Currente,' Bay Richmond. See our Nov. number.) Bay Middleton and Elis have one common paternal grand-sire, Selim, son of imported Buzzard,) the sire of Langar and Sultan.

Bay Middleton being regarded the most fashionably bred horse in all England, we repeat his pedigree, giving it more fully than in our last, to which we refer to the other particulars here omitted.

Bay Middleton, bred by Lord Jersey, was got by Sultan (he covers at fifty guineas) out of Cobweb, winner of the Oaks; she by Phantom, winner of the Derby (he covered at fifty guineas;) her dam Filagree (dam also of Riddlesworth, that ought to have won the Derby,) by Soothsayer, winner of the St. Leger; Web, (sister to Whalebone and Whisker, Derby winners, to the also renowned Woful and others, and dam of Middleton, a Derby winner, and of Trampoline, and of the famed Glenartney, Glencoe's dam,) Glencoe by Sultan; she by Waxy, a Derby winner; Penelope, (also dam of Waterloo, Wire, &c.) by Trumpator; Prunella, (dam of Waxy Pope, the dams of Partisan, Tiresias, &c.) by Highflyer; Promise, (dam of Pallas, (Pillbox's dam,)

Prizefighter, Peppermint, &c.) by Snap; Julia by Blank; Spectator's* dam by Partner; Bonny Lass by Bay Bolton; Darley's Arabian; Byerly Turk; Taffolet Barb; Place's White Turk; Natural Barb mare.

Bay Middleton having won all his races, including the Derby 2,000 guinea stakes, beating Elis and other of the best colts of his year, at this time takes precedence of all others and promises fairly to gain as much distinction as any predecessors for several years. The best bred colts in the kingdom are nominated for the Derby, Oaks and St. Leger. Among the nominations for next year's Derby and Oaks, the following are allied to horses now in America:

IN THE DERBY.

- Own brother to imported Trustee.
- Colt by Picton, half brother to Luzborough.
- Three colts by imported Shakspeare.
- Colt by imported Rowton.
- Brother to imported Margrave.
- Seven sons of Muley, sire to Margrave and Leviathan.
- Colt by imported Tranby.
- Colt by Defence, brother to imported Design.
- Brother to Elis—imported Autocrat's connection.
- Colt out of sister to imported Truffle.
- Three sons of imported Cetus.

IN THE OAKS.

- Filly by Picton.
- Filly by Shakspeare.
- Four fillies by Muley.
- Filly by Stumps—out of Autocrat's grandam.

In July last, Tyrant, three years old, by Luzborough, won a stakes of two miles, another of one and a half mile heats, on the same day, and on the next won a £50 plate, two mile heats, in three heats.

The get of recent importations are now coming on the turf successfully, as the Barefoots, and two colts by Valentine, that won both the sweepstakes at the last Union meeting.

The great success of the three year olds by Sir Charles, this season, shew that stock to be the best of native origin. The produce of Ratler mares too have been greatly distinguished, as Atalanta by Industry, Mingo by Eclipse, Isaac of York by Sir Charles, one of the Valentine winners, &c. &c.

* See Matchem's memoir for the famed race with Spectator and Brilliant.

THE MOST RENOWNED OF THE GET OF SIR ARCHY, CHRONOLOGICALLY ARRANGED.

It will be recollected Sir Archy was foaled in 1805, and ran only at three and four years old. Having beat all competitors the autumn of 1809, and his challenge, to run any thing in the world, not being accepted, he begun his career as a stallion in 1810. His three year old colts appeared first on the turf in 1814; and in 1815-6 were superior to the get of all others, and have since scarce met a rival, except from other descendants. Eclipse and Monsieur Tonson are the most renowned of other blood.

Director,
Lady Lightfoot,
Vanity, } sisters.
Reality, }
Timoleon,
Blank,
Virginian,
Stockholder,
Ratler,
Contention,
Kosciusko,
Napoleon,
Sir Charles,
Sir William,

Muckle John,
Sumter,
Pacific,
Childers,
Betsey Richards,
John Richards,
Henry,
Arab,
Janet, (Virginia La-
fayette,)
Isabella,
Bertrand,
Sir William, out of
Transport,

Flirtilla,
Marion,
Gohanna,
Janet, (Stevens'),
Sally Hope,
Phillis,
Industry,
Crusader,
Kate Kearney,
Jemima Wilkinson,
Gabiella,
Pilot, (Wild Will),
Charles Kemble,
Black Heath.

Of the preceding forty nearly all were first rate four milers; and most of them have been distinguished in the stud.

The most renowned English stallions, in the ascending series, from the present date, with some few omissions, as follows:

Priam by Emilius, now covering at thirty guineas.

Emilius by Orville, now covering at fifty guineas.

Sultan by Selim, now covering at fifty guineas.

Tramp by Dick Andrews.

Whalebone,
Whisker, } own brothers by Waxy.
Woful,

Selim, } own brothers by Buzzard, (imported into the middle
Rubens, } states.)

Phantom by Walton.

Orville by Beningbrough.

Walton by Sir Peter.

Sorcerer by Trumpator.

Beningbrough by King Fergus.

Waxy by Pot8os.

Gohanna by Mercury,

PotSos,

King Fergus,

Saltram,

Mercury,

} by Eclipse.

Trumpator by Conductor, son of Matchem.

Sir Peter by Highflyer.

Highflyer by Herod.

Eclipse by Marske.

Herod by Tartar.

Matchem by Cade.

Marske by Squirt, son of Bartlet's Childers.

Snap by Snip.

Tartar by Partner,

Babraham,

Blank,

Cade,

Regulus,

} by the Godolphin Arabian.

The Godolphin Arabian.

Crab by Alcock's Arabian.

Partner by Jig, son of the Byerly Turk.

Flying and Bartlet's Childers by the Darley Arabian.

Fox by Clumsey, of Arabian stock.

Bay Bolton by Gray Hautboy.

The Byerly Turk, (1689.)

Hautboy by the White D'Arcy Turk.

This goes to the origin of the English 'thoroughbred' horses sprung from the union of the best Arabians, Barbs and Turks, both male and female, that had been introduced, at great expense, into England, on account of their blood and form.

MR. EDITOR,

Is not the pure blood of the old Maryland Stock as good as any in the country? It is unnecessary now to point to the Selims, Postboys, Oscars, Florettas, and Marias, of old, but simply to refer to the distinguished winners, of Maryland origin, that have won during the present autumn, as Atalanta, Prince George, Cippus, Bumper, Bremo, Lady Clifden, Frederick, Charles Magic, Isaac of York, Miss Maynard (Glovina) and her sister, Camsidel, &c.

If the account current were now carried out between the north and south, would it not greatly preponderate in favour of the latter—adding the achievements of Atalanta, Bascomb, &c.?

A NATIVE BORN MARYLANDER.

A PEEP INTO THE 'RACE HORSE REGION.'

CETUS, ZINGANEE, SKYLARK, &c.

In a former letter, after a visit at Mount Airy, an ancient family seat in Virginia, I described my satisfaction on a transient review of some of the best blooded stock in the country—the get of Autocrat, Chateau Margaux, Luzborough, Timoleon, Tranby, and Tychicus, that appeared to me to be colts of no ordinary promise, occupying the very paddocks where Bellair, Calypso, Gallatin, Sir Archy, Lady Lightfoot, &c. had grazed, at the same age.

Since then, I have extended my excursion in the Ancient Dominion; and lately, at the Reeds, another ancient relict of Virginia's aristocracy, I had the pleasure of seeing other blooded stock of high renown, both in the stud and upon the turf—the dam of Star and others of that distinguished family, and some of the renowned get of Sir Charles, that were off a recent campaign; besides several very high bred foreigners—the renowned brood mare My Lady, in foal to Chateau, her foal colt by Langar, (got in England;) Pirouette, in foal to Star; Camelletta, a two year old filly by Muley, (own sister to Beccasine,) but, above all others, Cetus, that renowned son of Whalebone, lately arrived from England. He was bought of Sir Mark Wood, a great name on the English turf, by one of his present owners, during the last summer, and at a *higher figure* than any other horse *ever* imported into America. In my opinion, Cetus is not only of 'the true Prunella sort,' the lasting kind; and from form, blood and performances, is calculated to 'do the state some service;' but is also exquisitely handsome. I will not pretend to describe him, further than to say, he is a beautiful bay, black legs, that are flat, fine and clean, with no other mark than a small star in the forehead and the fetlock on the right hind leg white; he is fifteen hands and an inch high, of fine length and most perfect symmetry. His true Arabian muzzle, thin and distended nostril, long swan like neck, beautifully set on to strong, oblique and thin shoulders, such as are said in England to be of 'the American taste,' short back, fine loin and tapering croup, seemed to me worthy of special admiration. Withal he is docile and good tempered, though playful and active. With a finer shoulder and better limbs, (not so leggy,) I thought him more like Ogle's Oscar, than any horse I now remember.

It may be desirable to breeders to know that his next season will be made at the Reeds, about midway between Richmond and Fredericksburg, a little east of the old stage road; where I understand every provision will be made for the accommodation of mares, and that their *quality*, rather than *number*, will be a leading object.

Within five miles of Richmond, on the turnpike, from near the Oaks,

at Mr. Williamson's noted stand, I also had the pleasure of seeing two other illustrious nobles, lately arrived. The renown of Zinganee, the fleetest horse of his day, a second Eclipse, got by Tramp, the sire of Lottery, Barefoot, and St. Giles, out of a descendant from the own sister of imported Diomed, had long preceded him. He is an airy gallant steed, rather taller than Cetus and a lighter bay, one or more fetlocks white; that one may readily imagine to have been as fast as stated. His neighbour, Skylark, from the Emerald isle, as reputed for the frequency and the length of his conflicts, in which he was usually victorious, is a darker bay than either, without white; he also has a particularly fine shoulder, and is about the height of Zinganee, fifteen and a half hands. I understand Skylark is a son of Waxy Pope, (stout blood,) but have not seen his pedigree. These and other particulars, from the proper quarter, will no doubt be communicated, in due season for publication.

B.

ELEPHANT SHOOTING IN CEYLON.

MR. EDITOR:

In one of the recent numbers of your Magazine I observed an article on tiger and elephant shooting in India, and as it appears to me from the description of it, to fall far short of sport of a similar nature (as regards the latter animal) in the part of the world I last came from, I cannot refrain from giving you, so far as it can be done upon paper, an account of elephant shooting in Ceylon. Not being, however, much of a 'descriptive writer,' my account I fear will convey but an inadequate idea of the reality of the thing. In fact, I do not think that any description, be it written in what language it may, can do justice to this noble sport.

In the first place, Mr. Editor, instead of being mounted on the back of an elephant, every man has to trust to his own gun, and sometimes to an active pair of legs, as the sport is invariably carried on on foot. I shall endeavour to give you some idea of it by the following description of one of the last elephant shooting days I had in that island.

My friend F——, who lived some thirteen or fourteen miles from me, (one of the best old souls that ever sucked in three bottles of Madeira at one sitting) had informed me by Zappal,* that there was a herd of elephants at Allow, six miles from his station, and as a further inducement for me to visit him, that our friend W—— was with him and anxious for a shot. Allow is a village (although scarcely worthy of the name, there being only two or three huts at the place) situated at a ferry or ford on the Maha Oya river, on the old road from Colombo

* Post.

(the capital of the island) to Kandy,* and somewhere, as well as I recollect, about forty-two miles distant from the former place. A new line of road having been formed by Sir E. Barnes, during the period that he administered the government of the island, the old one, which is more circuitous, fell almost into disuse, except for transport to and from the former place. A new line of road having been formed by Sir E. Barnes, during the period that he administered the government of the island, the old one of which is more circuitous, fell almost into disuse, except for transport to and from Kooroonegalle, one of the richest grain districts in the island. At the period I write of, this road was in a state almost impassable. The banks of the Maha Oya is the favourite resort of elephants at the season of the year, when water becomes less abundant in other parts of the island; this river and one or two tributary streams forming the never failing resort of the herds when there is a scarcity elsewhere. The elephant, both in his wild and tame state, is particularly fond of water, and nothing contributes more to the health of the tame elephant than his bath, in a river or pool, twice or three times a day, an enjoyment which he ought never to be deprived of when practicable. A scene I once witnessed on the banks of a small river, when elephant shooting at Kahagalla, I shall never forget. In creeping through the jungle, often on all fours, owing to its thickness, preceded by my tracker (of whom you shall hear more anon), we emerged from the very thick part and got into a more open space composed of lofty trees, when suddenly we found ourselves in the midst of a herd of fourteen or fifteen elephants,—three of them were stretched at full length on their sides on the ground, others were standing listlessly about and apparently fast asleep, and a few were enjoying themselves in the water. We had approached unheeded, and never shall I forget the scene that ensued, when, after selecting the finest and largest, I fired and brought him to the ground. They were so astonished and confused that after I had fired four shots (I had two double guns) I could scarcely get out of their way. At every turn I took was a monster equally anxious with myself to make his escape, but so confused that he did not know where to direct his steps, and had I had half a dozen barrels I might have got a shot with each before they finally left me. But I fear I am wandering from my subject, which was to give a description of one of my last day's elephant shooting in Ceylon,—so to continue. On receipt of my friend F—'s letter I made the necessary preparations, which were soon completed, for a start next morning. Morning came, and at nine o'clock I found

* Kandy is seventy-two miles from Colombo, in the interior of the island, and was until it came into our possession, it in fact may now be called the native capital.

myself at his bungalow. After doing ample justice to all the good things he produced, (and I must tell you that no man in Ceylon knew better how to fortify himself against a mid-day sun, than my friend,) the coodracarra* was ordered to saddle the horses, and guns being mustered and examined, and cases put on, we set out for the jungle. And now, Mr. Editor, for a description of our 'tail' or retinue! First comes 'Bastian,' a black thing in the shape of a boy, which measured some three feet in height, (one of the greatest scamps that ever did what his master desired him,) carrying a ball ramrod. After him came 'Orderly' and 'Frog,' each with a gun, (it was the duty of these two fellows to stick to their masters as close as wax, as on them depended in a great measure 'master's' safety. The guns they carried were to be brought into use in case of need, and faithfully did they discharge the duty!) Next 'Gobbo,' ye gods! a fellow with one of his legs nearly as large as a man's body, (a sad fellow was this Gobbo, he was afflicted with elephantiasis, a disease to which the natives of Ceylon are very subject, so called, I presume, from the resemblance the leg assumes to that of an elephant,—notwithstanding which I have seen him run three and twenty miles alongside his master's buggy, keeping up with him the whole distance, and grooming his horse after he came to an anchor! Last, though not least important, was an attendant with the brandy and water, the rear being brought up by two or three nondescripts and idlers.

The above named 'Frog,' was a servant of mine, and I cannot pass him over without making honourable mention of him. He possessed many excellent qualities, and I have seen him stand charges from elephants in good style. Poor Frog! he was as fond of the thing as his master.

All being ready, at about eleven o'clock (not forgetting our friend W——, who by the bye caused us a good deal of merriment before we got home again) off we set for Allow, and after an hour's easy ride arrived at that place. On our arrival we found our tracker or tracer (a sine qua non to elephant shooting) waiting for us. Having dismounted and placed our horses under cover, we commenced the operation of loading. It may not be amiss to mention here, that the balls used for elephant shooting are a composition of lead and tin,—a sort of pewter in fact. Lead is too soft, and although a mixture of tin diminishes the weight of the ball in a slight degree, the loss of weight is more than compensated by the hardness, which is a requisite not to be dispensed with. These preliminaries having been gone through, we started, each with two spare guns, carried by attendants. By this

* Groom.

time it was half-past twelve o'clock, and we were yet half a mile distant from the place where game had been seen the night before. We very soon, however, came on the track of the herd, which is denoted by the imprint of the large foot of the animal on the ground, when it is at all soft, and by several other indications not to be mistaken. Indeed, such is the tact of the tracers that they can follow the track on grassy places, where I defy the most experienced European elephant shooter to discover any foot-mark at all. We had now arrived at a pretty thick jungle, and after penetrating for some distance we were stopped by our tracer, who, listening attentively, told us our game was near, although at this time we could hear nothing to make us think so. On advancing however a few yards, we heard a crack (the sound of a branch breaking) on our left, which assured us that they were not far distant, and after proceeding a little further, and creeping on as quietly as possible through the jungle, we came upon the herd. Facing us, and about twelve yards distant, with ears erect and trunks raised, stood five elephants. As I had approached first, I took the first shots, right and left. My first took effect in the proper place, and down came one dead. F—— gave his fire into a monster a little to my right, and though hit severely, the vital part had not been touched, and off he started. Oh ye gods! who can describe the scene at this moment! The herd, consisting of twelve or thirteen, only a few of whom we had at first seen, wheeled immediately and thundered off at double quick time, the ground actually shook, and crash—crash—crash—went the trees in all directions beneath them, even those the size of a man's thigh being broken like reeds. In a few minutes the sound ceased. They had stopped. After re-loading and bagging—not the elephant—but his tail, and imbibing a little brandy and water, (thermometer in the shade about eighty-nine or ninety degrees,) off we started in pursuit, and in a few minutes were up with them again. Hearing a slight movement to my left, I separated from F. and W. and in many places on all fours, penetrated the jungle. I had not proceeded far when I heard them thundering on in my direction; as this was rather a critical moment, I turned my head to see that Frog* 'was at his post.' Steady Frog! there he was, ready again with my second gun. In a few seconds I had four of them in view, all in a 'lump,' within a few yards of me. I stood up the best way I could (I could with difficulty stand upright), and fired—bang—bang—right and left, and down came two of them. One lay stone dead, the other, which was only stunned, attempted to rise, but 'invaluable Frog' was at my elbow, and shoved another gun into my hand, which I put

* He got this name from his resemblance in shape to that animal.

to his head, (not Frog's gentle reader, but the elephant's,) and gave him his quietus. Guns reloaded, tails off, and after them again. Got into a pathway and met F——, who had just settled one, but soon separated from him. Was soon up with them, and found them quite bothered, having lost their leader.* Took a side shot at the ear of a fellow, and down he dropped as dead as mutton. Off tail and on. Got into a path and came up with F—— once more. On we went together, and after a short pursuit in turning the angle of a rock two of our friends were in view. F—— took the shot, and down one came, the other making off. Called a halt—brandy and water—brandy and water—any thing but my gun for a glass of brandy and water! There it was, nectar! After a good pull at it, we were after them again, and came up with an old mamma and her young one. I wanted to give W—— a shot as he had not had one all day, and pointed her out to him, standing in the jungle not fifteen yards distant.† *He could not see her* for several seconds; at last she moved a little and he got a view, and bang went a ball of twelve to the pound at her—she turned round and went off, with your humble servant at her heels. In following elephants they always make a good road for you, by clearing every thing that comes in their way. After a few yards she turned, looked at me, (her young one was by her side,) curled up her trunk and ran at me. Steady now, or never—*bang* went one barrel—*bang* the other, and when the smoke cleared away, there she was lying within four or five yards of me, dead as a stone. The young one remained for a short time near the mother, and then started off. It might have been easily caught. Loaded—off tail—and after the remainder. They had however taken right ahead, and got to a great distance, and after trying in vain to come up with them again, and being pretty well done up with our work we turned homewards. We had not proceeded far when we came on a single elephant, (I do not think one of the herd,) but being unprepared, having given our guns to our followers, he got off with only one shot from an attendant, who carried my third gun, a single rifle.

Having got back to the place where we had left our horses, we mounted, and were at home in time to take a rest before a seven o'clock dinner. Thus ended the best day's sport I saw in the elephant line during my stay in Ceylon, having killed five myself, and

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F—— two. We heard next morning that two were found dead at some distance from the scene of action. They must have been killed by F——. W—— had but one shot, and that a blank. I have three or four times killed *three* in a day, and very often two, but never on any former or subsequent occasion so many as five.

Not many of my readers will be aware, I dare say, of the part at which the fire of an elephant shooter is directed. The brain is that, part,—and the two most easy points of access to it are, the hollow in the front of the head of the animal, immediately above the part from which the trunk springs (taking care to fire sufficiently high to avoid striking the root of the trunk), or the ear. When the animal is alarmed and retreating, the ears are generally pricked or projected thus giving a favourable side shot; however it is of little consequence whether they be pricked or not, further than that it points out more distinctly the particular spot at which to fire. I have frequently killed them through the ear when it was lying back, but care must be taken to avoid the jaw bone in taking the side shot. The brain is contained in a very small space, not easily hit if both man and elephant are in motion, which is not unfrequently the case. Nerve is, however, the principal thing required. If a man have this, although an indifferent shot, he will do. The animal, as soon as he receives the shot, if it prove vital, sinks on his knees without the slightest noise, and frequently retains a position which would induce the 'novice in the art' to suppose that he was still alive. The silence which succeeds the shot in firing at a single elephant, when he has been killed, is astonishing, he is not even heard to fall in many instances.

The parts I have mentioned are those which are generally aimed at for the destruction of the elephant, but I have known him killed by being hit in other parts. But I think a good deal depends upon the age of the animal. The older of course the harder become the the bones of the head, and the ball cannot penetrate sufficiently far. I have myself, in a full grown but young elephant sent a rifle ball completely through the animal's head, and this a ball of twenty to the pound. The best description of gun for this sport is a double barrelled rifle, of fourteen to the pound, but there is an objection to such a gun from the labour required to carry it. The one I used was a common double barrel of fourteen to the pound, not rifled. If it be stout it is all that is required. The charge usually made use of is twice the ordinary charge of the gun, but I think once and half quite sufficient.

There are two methods pursued in elephant shooting in Ceylon,—the one I have just given an account of, that is, following the elephant into his haunts and shooting him in the jungle; the other method is

to ascertain where there is a herd, and to surround them with a hundred and fifty or two hundred people, and drive them to a particular place, by firing guns and beating tom-toms,* &c. the persons surrounding them being formed in a semi-circle, and gradually closing in as they advance to the point or points at which the sportsmen are placed in waiting. There are on these occasions generally a party of five or six, and the spots selected as stations are generally open spaces where the animal can be seen well, and a fair shot obtained. I was only present at one or two of these beats, and we could get them to *break* only in one instance, and then I did not get a shot. It is considered as rather *slow*, and not so killing for either elephant or man.

I must now conclude, but may probably trouble you again with 'A day's sport in Ceylon,' under this or some other head.

Yours, Mr. Editor, with much esteem,
New Sporting Magazine]

C. C. M.

PRIAM.

MR. EDITOR:

'A.' has read the criticism of A. E. C. on his notice of Priam in your last number, as that horse is now purchased by Messrs. Merritt & Co. of Virginia, who are patrons of the Register, and spirited importers of blood stock, 'A.' wishes to decline all further discussion of his merits as a stallion, but must be permitted a few observations on the remarks of A. E. C.

'A.' stated large sums were offered for Priam and invariably refused; has he not been purchased at a much less price, and is it not so far the fulfilment of prophecy? Last spring, at the time the observations were penned, 'A.' looked with some care into all the English publications and recollects but one winner, although his nominations are from many of the finest mares in England. Priam's splendid racing and truly rich pedigree ensured him such a selection of mares as perhaps no other horse in the kingdom, his sire excepted, could command.

This fall his colts have done better, Cartoon made a capital race at Newmarket, but at that time I understand Priam was already sold.

'A.' must still adhere to his opinion that his races were won by speed, as the only race he was ever fairly called out in he lost to Birmingham.

'A.' knew Timoleon and Florizel well—they were both horses of fine speed and great strength, but wanting game—it was the general characteristic of their stock. 'A.' did not allude to their want of substance, far from it, they were both muscular heavy horses; indeed, it was a fault in both.

* The Indian drum.

As to the form of Priam, he will soon be among us, when our breeders can judge for themselves, and I have no doubt that on some of our mares he will get fine racing stock: he only increases our chance for success, as we may choose from Skylark, Rowton, Margrave, Glencoe and Leviathan, without the chance of a mistake. A.

MR. EDITOR:

Sir,—Without any other interest in the Turf, than a desire to see its sports conducted on sound principles, and that they flourish by the patronage of *gentlemen*; I beg you to give place to the inclosed communication, which appeared in the 'Spirit of the Times,' from the pen of J. C. Stevens, Esq. In the reasons assigned by Mr. S. are indications of that habit of *thinking closely*, on every matter to which they give their attention, which distinguishes all the productions and enterprises of that *family of men*—I say *men*, for none deserve the name unless for exhibitions of intellectual power and real usefulness. They are never satisfied with doing things in the common way—in horse racing, in gunnery, in steam machinery, in laying down rails or building up stables, or what not, if greater economy in any department is practicable, they never rest until they find out how it can be achieved—whether by increasing speed, by lessening fuel and friction, &c. These suggestions of Mr. Stevens make it clear as the sun at noon-day, when the day is *clear*, that the present rules for testing the powers of, and awarding the purses to horses, are as *unjust as they are absurd*. Yet they have been practised upon for centuries, and I dare say will *continue unaltered*. So long do we remain under the influence of *habit*; even after the thick scales of prejudice have been torn off the eyes, and we are forced, as in this case, to see the existing rules of decision are equally preposterous in themselves, cruel towards the animal, and calculated to throw the purses into the pockets of blacklegs, and cunning men who combine their wits to deceive the public and benefit themselves. Mr. Stevens seems to be aware that on the race course, as well as in the arena of politics, and in all the walks of life, if you wish men generally, to act *fairly*, you must make it their *interest to do it*, and he has clearly pointed out how you can induce all owners of horses to make their nags do their best running from the score; in a word, how you can have every horse's powers *fairly* tested, his reputation fixed on a *true* basis, and in that way establish an honest and genuine scale of appreciation of breeding stock, and thus secure the greatest degree of improvement. But without attempting to 'add perfume to the violet, I beg only to commend *his* reasoning to all gentlemen who patronize the turf, for its honourable and legitimate ends—not to be thought of, and talked about, over the champagne and to evaporate with it; but to be *acted on*, if approved. Those *gentlemen* sportsmen, who teach their riders, in the way pointed out by Mr. Stevens, to throw away heats for the sake of getting bets, who rely on management, and lay *nets* of whatever sort of material to entrap the unwary are not expected to countenance the alterations he proposes.

DIVISION OF PURSES.

To the Editor of the Spirit of the Times :

Dear Sir,—I have at length found time to fulfil the promise I made some months ago, of putting upon paper the plan I then suggested of improving our horses and increasing our sport. I have long been satisfied, that our present mode of testing the qualities of a horse is far from being a good one. So convinced are they in England that in running heats, the best horse is as likely to lose as to win, that they have (with the exception of a few King's Plates) nearly, if not entirely, abolished them. Still, I should regret to see their method adopted in this country—for although our test is by no means a certain one, theirs, in my judgment, is still less so. We put up light weights and run heats—they put up heavier weights and run a single one. We can test the comparative speed and bottom of our horses—they can test the comparative speed, but not the comparative endurance, of theirs ; for there is no more certainty that the winner of a single heat, with 119lbs. on his back, (their weight for a three years old,) would, in twenty minutes afterwards, be able to win a second, than if he carried 90lbs. And there is perhaps as little risk of injuring our horses in running heats with 90lbs. as there is in running a single one with 119lbs. We have, besides, another very great advantage. Our riders, though far, very far short of theirs in skill and experience, are far less liable to be tampered with. Few men would be bold enough to trust their reputation to the keeping of a boy of ten or twelve years old, who would be almost sure to tell the story to his cronies, and who, for sixpence worth of gingerbread, would probably break any promise he might make.

Most of the objections to our mode may, I think, be obviated—the alteration of the distance from 240 to 120 yards in four mile heats, (for which suggestion I am indebted to my friend Capt. Stockton) is admitted to be an improvement. The adoption of the following plan would, in my opinion, be a greater one :

My proposition is, instead of giving the whole purse to one horse, to divide it. Of eleven hundred dollars, (to which amount no proprietor who now gives \$1000 would refuse to raise it,) I would give to the winner of the first heat, say \$400, to the horse that was second in that heat, \$100—to the winner of the second heat, \$300—and to the winner of the third heat, \$300.

2d. If a horse won the first and second heats, he should be entitled to the whole purse, with the exception of the \$100 given to the horse that was second in the first heat.

3d. A distanced or drawn horse should in no case win any thing.

4th. If the horse that won the first heat should be distanced in the second or third, the \$400 should go to the horse that was second in the first heat, provided *he* saved his distance in the two last.

5th. There should in no event be more than three heats.

6th. When a dead heat is made, the amount allotted to that heat to be divided between the horses making such heat.

The great object, it will be perceived, is to induce every horse to run for every heat. It will be admitted that the principal reason for racing the horse is, that we may, by this means, select the fleetest and stoutest. We value highest, and breed from such as have shown more speed and endurance. Is our present method a sure test of either one or the other? Is it not better adapted to, and does it not as often display, the skill of an experienced manager, as the powers of the horse? What would a man of common sense say to me, if I should invite him to witness a trial of three or four horses, that we might select (for a match or any other purpose) the best, and he should overhear me giving such directions as these to the riders: 'Now Bill, you must not run a yard for the first heat—go a couple of rounds with them—get them to running and cutting each other's throats, and then pull quietly back, and save your distance—you'll fix them the next heat.' 'Tom, you must run for the first heat—you have the heels of Jack, so mind and trail him—keep ten or even twenty yards behind him—never lap him until you get to the distance, then give her whip and spur, and win by a brush, the shorter the better for you.' He would, I think, be apt to ask me, after the race was over, how much wiser I was for the trial—for that it appeared to him, the simpler and better way would be, to direct them all to do their best in every heat. Would any sane man think, for an instant, of making a private trial in such a way?—if not, why should a public one be so made?

That the best horse does not always win, under the existing regulations, will not be denied; and it may be impossible so to regulate racing, that he *always* shall do so. But the chance of going wrong, and of giving reputation, and the purse, to a horse that has not deserved it, will not, by the mode I propose, be so great. It would render this ancient and useful sport more interesting and attractive, by making the contest a more equal one, and by giving the best horse the best chance to win,—it would make it a fairer one. If, in a match, one horse beats another twice out of three times, the race is over, and he is declared the best. Why should it not be so in a field? What fairer claim has a horse in a field that has been beaten two or three successive heats, to a fourth or fifth trial? If he did his best in the two first, and was beaten, it ought to (and in a match it would) suffice. If he did not do his best, he should, if possible, be made to do so, for

it would be rank injustice to give either credit or money to a horse that had been resting himself in the race, while others had been running;—yet this frequently occurs; so frequently, that in my opinion, it is an even chance that in a large field, the best horse does not win. The others do, and will naturally combine against the horse they deem most formidable.

Take as an example, the last four mile race over the Union Course. Bumper, Atalanta, Post Boy, Gipsev, and Veto, started for the Jockey Club purse. Bumper, won the first heat, and it was evident from the running, that neither Post Boy, Atalanta, or Veto, had a chance with him for it. Gipsev laid up, and saved 100 yards in the heat. For the second heat, every horse in the field contended—for if Bumper went for it (and he did do so) and won, the play was over, and their chances out. At the end of three miles and a half, Atalanta was dead beat by Bumper, and it was so evident that Bumper or Gipsev would win the heat, that Mr. Branch ordered his boy to pull back and save his mare. This good judgment left her fresh for another heat, and won him the money—for Gipsev, who was admirably ridden, and had been watching their struggles, the moment Atalanta was beaten, came up and collared Bumper, and after one of the severest runs ever witnessed, beat him by a neck to the post—Veto was distanced, and it was all Post Boy could do to save his. The third and fourth heats were won by Atalanta, stoutly and closely contested by both Bumper and Gipsev.

Now what a comment is this upon our mode of selecting the best horse? Bumper distances Veto—beats Atalanta the first two heats—beats Post Boy all three—and Gipsev the first and the last, and yet gets not a cent of the money! Is not the injustice here most glaring? What chance would either of these have had with Bumper (on that day) single handed? If Gipsev had not saved 100 yards the first heat she could not have won the second; and if Atalanta had not rested for the last half mile of the second, she could not have won the third heat.

This is not an unusual or solitary instance, as every man at all acquainted with the turf will vouch; so far from it, that there is scarcely a meeting, that events of a similar nature do not occur. Ought it to be so? It would not, I think, so have happened if \$400 had been allowed to the horse that was first, \$100 to him that was second in the first heat. But if it *had* so occurred, it would have been some consolation to have received the \$400 so fairly and hardly earned.

The only variation from the common custom, that I am aware of, is at Trenton; here \$300 out of a thousand is given to the horse that is second in the last heat; this in my judgment is making bad worse.

I operates as an inducement *not to run* for the first heat. The rule that makes the horse that is second best in the last heat, second best in the race, has always appeared to me objectionable. When in a field, and according to this rule, a horse is betted against another, it will depend upon the *amount* of the bet which heat he runs for. If the bet be double the amount of the purse he will probably run for neither—taking care only to be ahead of the horse betted against in the last heat. Of this the public, perhaps, know nothing, and back him, it may be, against the field, supposing, as a matter of course, that he will do his best to win the purse, but which he will be little likely to attempt. He would scarcely risk \$2,000 to win one. According to this rule, a horse may win the first heat—be beaten by a head in the second—run a dead heat for the third, and yet have neither name or place in the race, because he was second in the fourth to some horse that had been, perhaps, first or second in neither, and, it may be, had *run* for neither, and one, too, that if compelled to do his best, or keep pace with the others for either of the first three heats, might have been distanced instead of being second in the last. But give a portion of the purse to the winner and to the horse that is second in the first heat, and the inducement to lay up is taken away or lessened according to the amount given for the heat, and there is little doubt that the credit and money they get they will honestly earn.

The rule that makes the winner of a heat better than the horse that is second in the last, is, like most others, not infallible. A horse may contend for the first heat, and be beaten six inches by one that can win no other—and he may be second each time to the winner of the last two heats—having contended for all, and beaten the winner of the first heat twice out of three times, he would be entitled to the second place. But how often does this case occur? Does it not oftener; much oftener, happen that the horse that wins, or is second the last heat, has not run for the first? In a field where *all* are doing their best, two may beat the others one hundred yards or more in the first heat, and yet neither be first or second in any other heat. But instead of beating the others by one hundred yards, suppose they had done so by five only, would not the chance be four to one that one of these would have enough left in him to win the second heat. It *might*, and perhaps has happened, that a horse has been able to beat another 100 or 120 yards in a first four mile heat, and yet be unable (though restrained to the speed of his antagonist) to win the second. But if it has, or does so happen, it happens so rarely as to make it an exception to the general rule.

It may be objected, that in running three heats only, if three several horses each win one, it will not be decided which is the best: granted,

but as, according to the present rule, it frequently happens that the *worst* horse in the race wins, and he is only *made best* by the rule, I can see no reason why the rule may not as well make the winner of the first, or last heat; or he that wins the first, and is second the last; or he that is second the first, and wins the two last heats, best in the race. In my humble judgment, the chance of selecting the best, in either case, and when every heat would probably be run for, is greater than by the old method.

There is yet another inducement to this change, and though last, it will not be deemed least in the eyes of those who own the horses, or those who witness their exertions—*humanity*. How few owners are there of good horses, that after seeing them do their utmost for three successive heats, of four miles each, were it not to decide the bets made by others upon a horse, that he has in some measure made public property, by entering for a public purse, but would gladly forego his chance for the money and send his horse to the stable? I sincerely believe that nine out of ten of those who are but lookers-on at a race, would gladly sanction a rule that would render it unnecessary to task so severely, if not uselessly, the powers of so noble and generous an animal.

How many of those who witnessed, in their memorable race, the efforts of Black Maria and Trifle for three successive heats, and their struggles for a fourth, with a competitor comparatively fresh—who that was present that day and marked the meek expressive glance cast towards the judges by one of these doomed ones, when brought up to struggle through a fifth, will forget it? I, for one, shall not. If there were no other inducement save only this one to alter the present law, the remembrance of this race and its effects should, with me suffice. Of the three that started, one was for months but the shadow of herself—one was crippled and laid up for a year, and the other *died* in a few months after. Was the purse a compensation for a tithe of all this mischief?

And here, too, is another striking illustration of the justice of the present law. Maria, after a severe contest, beats Trifle the first heat by half a length—the second is a dead heat between the two, and Trifle beats Maria by a neck for the third. Now, Lady Relief was in this race, and was beaten to sticks by both Maria and Trifle in all three heats. She did not run for the first, and for aught I know, might have run for neither; but she, although beaten in three successive heats, is allowed by the rule to start again, and is placed before Trifle because she is ahead of her in the last!

If a trial of skill between the owners, as to who can best manœuvre and direct his horse or his rider in the race, is thought of importance,

the rules as they now stand answer the purpose, perhaps as well as any we can make; but if a trial between the horses is the object, the sooner, in my humble opinion, they are altered, the better.

The various ways in which this alteration would benefit the proprietor of a race field, are so apparent as scarcely to need mention. It would add to their profits by adding to the interest and attraction of the race. It would induce many a man to train and enter a horse that would not think of doing so under the present rule; for though he might not be able to beat Post Boy or Mingo the race, he might win a heat and so pay the expense of the trial. It would render racing less of a monopoly, by dividing among a number that which is now given (and often unjustly) to one. In short, were I to enumerate all the advantages of this change, it would occupy more of my time and your paper than either of us could well spare.

Your obd't serv't,

JOHN C. STEVENS.

N. Y. Spirit of the Times.]

WILD BILL.

[The following letter sent to us sometime ago by Mr. Blevins, was accidentally mislaid at the time. We give it a place now with pleasure.]

Jerseyville, Green co. Ill. May 23, 1836.

Dear Sir,—I see in the American Turf Register, that your valuable horse Wild Bill is put down as running at New Brunswick, and also at Kingwood, N. J. He never ran at either of these places—the former race was won by my mare Lady Relief, and the Pilot that was beaten by her, was raised, owned and run by Mr. John Jackson, of Long Island, and was got by Henry, the competitor of Eclipse—this same Pilot was also beaten at Poughkeepsie, by Peggy Madee.

The Pilot, that ran at Kingwood, was still another bay horse (or rather a gelding) got by Mr. Joshua Bond's Eclipse, who was by First Consul.

I take the liberty of addressing you on this subject with freedom, as Wild Bill was once in the east, and, perhaps, you are not in the knowledge of the above. Yours respectfully,

John Blevins, Esq.

E. A. DARCY.

MR. EDITOR:

Sir,—In the treatise on the horse published by the society for the diffusion of useful knowledge, under the head of breaking-in, we are told that 'a head stall is put on the colt and a caveson, or apparatus to confine and pinch the nose, affixed to it with long reins.' Will some of your correspondents furnish a drawing and description of the caveson, and mode of applying it, and oblige a

TYRO.

OLD KENTUCK TO JOHN BASCOMB.

MR. EDITOR :

Lexington, Dec. 16, 1836.

Having a little leisure time, I send you a small history of the anticipations of the Kentucky turfmen. You have read the banter of Rodolph against Bascomb, which, as yet, is not accepted. A letter reached here a few days ago, containing news of Col. Crowell's intending to accept, but that he wanted to bring other horses with Bascomb, and would do so, if there were any purses worth running for next spring. If this is all the excuse he offers for not accepting, of course, we may now consider the race as closed; for, Old Kentuck will run a week with him if he wishes it; and plank up the raw material as an inside stake upon every race: or she will bait her hook with any kind of sweetmeats to suit the appetite of the colonel, if that will be any inducement to come. Old Kentuck bids him welcome; and says come on with John Bascomb and his bravest soldiers. And take care, colonel, lest you should feel like some of the Tennesseans before the close of the week, quite anxious to get rid of such flesh and stamina as Rodolph and his soldiers, of which there is not a few. There is a horse they call 'John,' not 'John Bascomb,' but a greater name, 'Big John,' who showed the knowing ones a thing or two at the Forks of Elkhorn this last fall. For the way he can jump down hill was a sin to Maria Louisa; who, by-the-bye is another pretty big mouthful to be rammed down one's throat without due warning to grease and prepare. But there are a few more, John Crittenden, Sarah Miller, who is quite a heroine, Kentuckian, and many other noble bloods too numerous to mention. And if the colonel has any mile nags, or three hundred yards, or quarter of mile nags, bring them on, and we will give them all, (as a lawyer here says) 'h—I under the shirt.' If he don't meet with a gentle breeze, that will blow him every way but the right way, then say I am no prophet. When the match between Rodolph and Angora was closed, I had recourse to my stars and foretold that Rodolph would lick her up like salt. And, sure enough, you see I was right. And if Bascomb will condescend to preach to one of his native brethren, (Rodolph) why, I'll consult my knowledge box of astrology again, but I won't tell you of it, Mr. Editor, for you are such a news-carrier that every body would know it in a week, and there would be no chance to gather any of this world's blessing by my foreknowledge. This I hope will poke a little brass into the colonel, and make him come up to the rack.

Respectfully,

S.

DIVISION OF PURSES.

We learn from the New York Spirit of the Times of December 24, that the New York Jockey Club, convened at the Washington Hall on Thursday afternoon, 22d of December, to receive a proposition from JOHN C. STEVENS, Esq. relative to a division of purses, and the transaction of other business. In the absence of Commodore Ridgely, the President of the Club, John A. King, Esq. was appointed President, *pro tem*. The attendance was general, and we need not remark to those who have ever 'touched knees under mahogany' with the members of this club, that the utmost harmony and good feeling prevailed.

The causes which elicited the proposition for a *division of purses*, having been detailed at length, it was resolved after a prolonged and spirited discussion, that it be adopted, and take effect at the first spring meeting of the N. Y. J. C. for 1837. By the terms of this proposition, the winner of the first heat, (in four mile heats, purse \$1100,) will receive \$400, provided he is not subsequently distanced, and the second horse in the first heat will also receive \$100. The winner of the second heat will receive \$300, and the remaining \$300 will be given to the winner of the third heat, it having been

Resolved, That a horse winning neither the first nor the second heat shall be ruled out. This rule, suggested by us last week, and which was adopted after a warm debate, made no part of Mr. S's proposition.

In no event will but three heats be run. When a dead heat is run, the proportion of the purse belonging to the winner of that heat is to be divided between the horses. Two horses only, the winners of the first and second heats, can start for a third heat. If a single horse wins the first and second heats, he is entitled to the whole purse of \$1100, deducting only \$100, which is given to the second horse in the first heat, if he is not afterwards distanced. The purses for two and three mile heats are to be divided in the same proportion with those for four mile heats.

A resolution, having for its object the abrogation of the 51st rule of the club, relative to trainers, jockeys, and rubbers, was lost. However, the rule was so modified, that no exceptions, we trust, will be taken to its provisions. We do not clearly see the necessity for it as it now stands, as it merely *expresses* the views entertained upon the subject by every gentleman upon the turf. The adoption of the rule implies a necessity for it, and we can hardly believe that such a necessity exists. However, it was carried, after a spirited debate, therefore we have nothing to urge against it.

The rules adopted at this meeting take effect at the first spring meeting of the club for 1837, *and for that meeting only*. The second spring meeting is controlled by the proprietors, and the new regulations adopted by the club, are to be viewed in the light of *experiments*, that may be abrogated or passed into laws after an impartial trial.

[New York Spirit of the Times.]

IMPROVED RIFLES, PISTOLS, &c.

MR. EDITOR:

In the last Sporting Magazine you give us some amusing anecdotes connected with rifle shooting, some of which would have made Davy Crockett *grin*—not at the facts stated, for I would not express even a doubt of the correctness of the statements, but at the performances. Placing twelve balls in succession exactly in the same hole, at a hundred yards, off hand, beats all Kentuck. It may be so however, and I will give my reasons why it may be. Your readers will all admit that a *good* rifle shooter can place *one* ball in the hole! Well, if he can do that, why, with the same rifle, same aim, same powder, and lead, may he not place a second ball there—exactly in the same place; and a third, fourth, &c.? Now I think I have proved it can be done, and of course this will assist your correspondent in proving that it has been done! But let that pass, I took up my pen to say a few words on the improvements recently made in rifles, which have made wonderful changes in that excellent implement of war and sport. The *patent pocket rifles*, sold by Hutchings & Co. of Baltimore are truly wonderful. I took one with a barrel only *three inches* long, and sent a ball through a seasoned yellow pine board, an inch thick at fifty yards. By a little practice I was able to hit the mark, three inches diameter, at least as often as I missed it; and always coming within a few inches of the centre. The only difficulty is in taking sight over so short a barrel—the slightest variation making a wide gap in the coming out, as your horsemen would say. The great merit of these rifles appears to be derived from the fineness and solidity of the metal of which they are made, and the manner of drilling them cold. The long barrels throw a ball proportionably far and equally correct, so that a two feet barrel will be as effective as the long heavy common rifle, and more so. They are, I think, worthy of examination by all rifle shooters. But I have recently examined a still greater improvement in the rifle. I allude to Cochran's many chambered non-recoiling rifle, an extended notice of which you published in your December number. This is the best thing I ever saw of the kind. The principle, on examination, is very simple, and excites surprise that it had not been thought of before. The cylinder, which contains the chambers

for the load is movable, so that half a dozen of them may be made for the same piece, and as fast as one is exhausted, another can be put in its place in as little time as is required in placing a cap on a percussion lock, and much quicker than a flint gun can be primed. Each cylinder contains nine chambers, so that with six cylinders the shooter will be armed with fifty-four charges, all of which he is able to fire in *two minutes* if necessary—he can at least fire them as fast as he can raise the piece to take sight and lower it to recock. As fast as you can cock a common gun, raise, take sight, and draw the trigger, lower it, cock again, &c. just so fast you can fire this rifle; for all the time required in loading and priming is saved. It is no more inconvenient to carry than the common rifle. The cylinder is about three inches diameter, and one-half to three-fourths of an inch thick, and is made to fit into the breech horizontally, the chambers radiating from the centre to the circumference, and each exactly corresponding and fitting to the barrel as the cylinder revolves. The lock is sunk in the under side of the breech, the cock or hammer forming an arch, when down, resembling the guard of a common gun, with the trigger and its guard within it. All descriptions of fire-arms are made on the same principle, pistols, muskets, carabines, cannon, &c. It seems to me that an army furnished with rifles like these, or muskets either, must be invincible except in a charge. Certainly one hundred men with them could fire more balls than a thousand with common arms. For sportsmen the improvement is invaluable. As it can be applied to duck guns, bird guns, deer rifles, and indeed all kinds of arms. A bird shooter might fire five or six times before a flock of birds could get out of his reach. A deer hunter would certainly get a shot at all the deer that he might find together. All the loading would be done at home previous to going out, consequently, nothing but the gun and cylinders need be carried out. I learned from Mr. Cochran that a company is now manufacturing all descriptions of fire-arms upon this principle, and that they are for sale at Messrs. Richards & Richardson's, No. 41 South street, New-York. S.

OBITUARY.—*Tychicus* is no more! he has been cut off in the morning of his days, from the effects of a cold produced by nocturnal exposure to a violent storm, on board of a steamboat. He was but eight years old, and was but entering, as supposed, upon an extensive sphere of usefulness.

Star too, like his illustrious sire, has met a premature end, at eleven years of age. His death was caused by a fall, when playing in his lot. His name will doubtless be as durably inscribed in the stud as upon the turf, on which he ran a short, but brilliant career. He won at Newmarket, running two miles in 3m. 46s. In succeeding weeks he won races of four mile heats, beating Polly Hopkins and Kate Kearney.

PRIAM, SHAKSPEARE, CHATEAU MARGAUX, &c.

From a list of 'winners of two year old stakes in 1836,' in England, published in Bell's Life in London for November 6, we copy the following, presuming that the performances of the get of some of our lately imported stallions will be interesting to many of our readers. In our next we shall publish the whole list for the information of those who may be disposed to make further importations :

BAY COLT, by Priam, out of Idalia; Mr. Giffard's.—260 at Newton, beating Mr. Bower's b. c. Lord Stafford, Mr. W. Turner's ch. f. by Shrigley, dam by Filho, out of Deposit's dam; Mr. Skelmerdine's b. f. Tillah; Mr. J. Millar's ch. c. Agamemnon, by Langar, out of Woodbine; Mr. Dawson's b. f. by Partisan, out of Liska; Lord Westminster's b. f. by Pantaloon, out of Ambuscade: Mr. Mostyn's ch. f. sister to Puss, by Teniers, out of Cora; and Mr. E. Peel's b. f. Cantata.

BAY FILLY, by Priam, out of Miss Fanny's dam; Mr. Powlett's.—550 at Doncaster, beating Duke of Leed's Wrestler, and Mr. Turner's ch. f. by Recovery, out of Primrose.

BAY FILLY, by Shakspeare, out of Twatty, 6st. Sir S. Graham's.—105 at Newmarket second October meeting, beating Duke of Portland's b. c. by The Colonel, out of Thebes, three years, 8st. 10lbs.; Mr. Gardnor's ch. c. Partner, three years, 8st. 8lbs.; Lord Litchfield's ch. c. The Drummer, three years, 8st. 10lbs.; Mr. Dawson's Fair Jane, three years, 8st. 2lbs.; Mr. Baker's ch. f. Spruce, three years, 7st. 6lbs.; Lord Suffield's b. c. Morrison, two years, 6st. 6lbs.; and Col. Anson's b. f. Marchesina, by Tramp, out of Marchesa, two years, 6st. 6lbs.

CASSANDRA, by Priam, out of Gillah: Lord Litchfield's—The Nursery stakes of 225, in the Houghton meeting, carrying 7st. 4lbs. beating Mr. Sowerby's Ruby, 7st. 9lbs. Col. Peel's Fantasia, 8st. 4lbs. Gen. Grosvenor's Laodice, 7st. 12lbs. Lord Suffield's Anvil, 7st. 10lbs. Mr. Foster's Wrestler, 7st. 9lbs. Lord Chesterfield's Edgar, 7st. 9lbs. Capt. Williamson's King of Clubs, 7st. 6lbs. Lord Exeter's Creusa, 7st. 2lbs. and Lord Chesterfield's Marchesina, 6st. 13lbs.

CARTOON, by Priam, out of sister to Portrait: Lord Litchfield's. Divided 100 with Mr. Greville's Zimri, in the Newmarket second spring meeting. Won the Prendergast stakes of 675 sovs. in the second October meeting, beating Sir M. Wood's ch. c. by Cetus, dam by Blacklock, out of Altisidora; Lord Exeter's b. c. Corban; Lord Exeter's ch. c. Gauntlet, by Redgauntlet, out of Marmora; Mr. John Day's b. f. Chapeau d'Espagne, and Lord Orford's b. f. Armenia.

EDGAR, by Shakspeare, out of Eva's dam: Lord Chesterfield's.—50 in the second October, beating Lord Exeter's Candia, who gave 12lbs. over the T. Y. C.

LAODICE, by Priam, out of Icaria: General Grosvenor's.—100 in the first October meeting, beating Mr. Hunter's f. by Gustavus out of Peggy.

MADEIRA, by Chateau Margaux, out of Whale's dam: Lord Egremont's.—65 in the first October meeting, carrying 7st. 12lbs. beating Lord Exeter's br. f. Creusa, 7st. 6lbs. Mr. Sowerby's ch. f. Virago, by Reveler, out of Vaultress, 8st. 7lbs. and Mr. Pettit's b. c. by Tranby, dam by Abjer, 7st. 9lbs.—60 at Lewes, beating Captain Berkeley's b. f. Grapeskin, by Chateau Margaux.—And 50 in the second October meeting, beating Lord Chesterfield's Oddums, who received 5lbs. over the T. Y. C.

ODDUMS, by Zinganee, out of Ginnun's dam: Lord Chesterfield's.—50 in the second October, beating Mr. Greville's Grapeskin, even weights. T. Y. C.

PAROLLES, by Augustus or Shakspeare, out of Miss Craven: Lord Derby's.—50 at Liverpool, July, beating Mr. Patten's f. by The Colonel, dam by Comus, the latter receiving 2lbs. T. Y. C.

ROSABEL, by Shakspeare, out of Electress: Col. Peel's.—200 in the first October meeting, beating Lord Litchfield's f. by Priam, out of Zillah; and Mr. Greville's Mariette.—And 250 in the Houghton meeting, beating Lord Litchfield's Cassandra, by Priam, out of Zillah.

ZIMRI, by Zinganee, out of Ambiguity: Mr. Greville's.—Divided 100 with Cartoon, in the second spring meeting.

The renowned Henry is expected to stand the next season in the neighbourhood of Richmond. Independent of his blood and brilliant achievements on the turf, the sire of Post Boy, of Alice Grey, Henry Archy, Celeste, Robin Hood, Screamer, Camilla, Tarquin, Dosoris, &c. cannot fail to be extensively patronized, on his return to his own native land, after his long absence. That he should have been so successful, under discouraging circumstances abroad, leaves scarce a doubt of his success, where the means are so much more abundant. Henry has not been worked sufficiently to do him any injury.

The celebrated American Eclipse has been removed to Kentucky, and will stand the ensuing season at the farm of Mr. Edward M. Blackburn, in Woodford county, on the rail road leading from Lexington to Frankfort, at his former price, \$100.

COOK'S WHIP.—A correspondent suggests that gentlemen in speaking of Cook's Whip should designate which of his Whips is meant, for he had two, full brothers. Mr. E. M. Blackburn, of Kentucky, purchased one of them, and owned him twelve years. This horse is frequently called Cook's Whip, but he would be better known as Blackburn's Whip, as he (Blackburn) never owned but one horse called Whip.

DI VERNON.—In answer to the quere in the October number, page 92, as to the dam of Di Vernon, we are authorized by Mr. McDermot, part owner of the mare, to say, that 'she was got by American Eclipse,' out of imported Alarm, by Thunderbolt.

RACING CALENDAR.

GALLATIN, (Ten.) RACES.

MR. EDITOR.

Gallatin, Ten. Sept. 17, 1836.

Below you will find a report of the first meeting of our Jockey Club races over the Gallatin race course, Sumner county. Our course is one of the best in the west, on fine rich soil, a little undulating, but entirely safe. It is picketed in all round in a superior manner, and is destined to be one of the most fashionable courses in the state. Our purses are good, (the money hung up,) and will hereafter be better.

First day, Tuesday September 13, a sweepstake, two mile heats, entrance \$200, h. f. for three year old colts and fillies, four entries.

Jesse Hanies' ch. f. Fanny Bell, by Murat, dam by Oscar, 83lbs. 1 1

W. W. Gift's br. c. Saladin, by Pacific, dam by Pacolet, 86lbs. 2 dis.

The Hon. Balie Peyton's ch. c. Tom Benton by Crusader, dam Patty Puff by Pacolet, and George A. Wilie's ch. c. by Leviathan, dam by Sir William, pd. ft. Time, 4m. 4s.—4m. 6½s. Track heavy, from recent rains.

In justice to Mr. Gift's colt, it should be stated, that he was evidently in no condition, being too low in flesh. Both heats won easily.

Major Wilie's entry was sold and carried to Alabama previous to the race, for the small affair of two thousand dollars, where it is expected he will give a good account of himself.

Second day, Jockey Club purse \$400, entrance \$40, three mile heats.

John C. Beasley's b. c. Othello, four years old, by Leviathan, dam by Sir Archy, 100lbs. 1 1

James Jackson's ch. c. Wacousta, four years old, by Leviathan, dam by Oscar, 100lbs. 2 2

A. P. Yourie's b. c. Balie Peyton, three years old, by Bertrand, dam by Whip, 86lbs. 3 dr.

Smith C. Franklin's ch. m. Matilda Routh, five years old, by Stockholder, dam by Truxton, 107lbs. 4 dr.

Time, 7m. 15s.—6m. 58.

The track deep and heavy—first heat won in hand—second, beautiful and well contested, won by a length.

Third day, Jockey Club purse \$500, entrance \$50, four mile heats.

James Jackson's ch. f. Waxlight, four years old, by Leviathan, dam Pigeon by Pacolet, 97lbs. 1

S. C. Franklin's b. c. four years old, by Leviathan, dam by Oscar, 100lbs. dis. Time, 10m. 15s.

Track still deep and very tough. Mr. Franklin's colt choked up suddenly (having been distempered) after running three miles, otherwise the race would have been more interesting.

Fourth day, purse \$300, entrance \$30, two mile heats.

J. Hanies' ch. f. Fanny Bell, three years old, by Murat, dam by Oscar, 83lbs. 1 1

James Jackson's b. f. Levinteen, three years old, by Leviathan, dam Harriet, by Sir Archy, 83lbs. 2 2

John C. Beasley's b. h. Vidocq, five years old, by Sir Archy, dam by Ogle's Oscar, 110lbs. 3 dr.

Time, 4m. 14s.—4m. 10s.

The track heavy, though much improved. Both heats won easily.

This fine filly, Fanny Bell, the victor of the *first* and the *last* day is a deep chestnut, very large and likely, exhibiting both power and symmetry, and is destined to toll the death knell of many a *proud* competitor.

I am yours, &c.

G. W. PARKER, Act. Sec'y.

N. B. The Nashville rules have been adopted throughout.

GREENVILLE, (S. C.) RACES.

The first annual meeting commenced on Tuesday, October 4, 1836.

The races of this meeting opened with a sweepstakes for two year old colts and fillies, one mile out, \$20 entrance; four entries.

W. M'Neely's g. f. by Covington's Director, dam by Gallatin,	1
W. T. Rowland's b. f. by Archer, dam by Virginian Whip,	2
P. E. Duncan's b. c. by imp. Luzborough, dam by Monsieur Tonson,	blt.
J. M. Cureton's ch. f. by Redgauntlet, dam unknown,	blt.

The chestnut filly was decidedly the favourite. The colt led the way in most gallant style for a short distance, when the weight which he carried (112lbs.) began to tell against him, and he politely yielded the track to the Gauntlet representative, who passed him at a killing pace on the back stretch; the gray filly in the meanwhile trailed closely, until nearing the last quarter, when she began to show mettle, beautifully closing up the gap between herself and the leading nags, the game evidently in her own keeping. At this crisis the chestnut filly and the colt both flew the track—the gray winning in fine style, with many lengths to spare.

Time, 2m. 12s.

Second day, three mile heats, purse \$200; two entries.

P. E. Duncan's ch. g. Don Pedro, five years old, by Young Virginian,	1	1
dam by Alonzo,		
W. Blasingame's ch. f. Red Zela, four years old, by Redgauntlet, dam	2	dr.
by imp. Sultan,		

Time, 6m. 30s.

The first heat was beautifully contested—the mare the favourite. The gelding, however, had strong friends, whose confidence did not seem misplaced, on a view of his fine size, form, and high racing appearance.

The first mile was merely easy play between them, the mare trailing a length or so in the rear. Coming up the quarter stretch the pace was evidently increased; and the second mile was performed in beautiful style, and at a killing pace. It was the evident game of the mare to take the track during this round; but all her exertions to lock her fleet antagonist were in vain; she had calculated without her host; for the Don clearly had the foot, and kept at a most tantalizing distance from his beautiful competitor, winning the heat in fine style, with several lengths to spare. The mare not being in condition for another heat, was drawn; being seriously cramped by one of her plates.

Third day, two mile heats, purse \$150; two entries.

W. Blasingame's b. h. Humphrey Clinker, seven years old, by Ber-	1	1
trand, dam by Lightfoot,		
P. E. Duncan's b. g. Leopold, five years old, by Young Virginian, dam	2	dr.
by Douglas' Wonder,		

Time, 4m. 4s.

The first mile was contested in gallant style; and for three quarters of a mile both nags ran side by side—it was jump for jump, neither able to pass; both could have been covered by a blanket. It was in this manner that they passed from the view of the spectators, behind a thick clump of maples. All was now breathless anxiety. Again they appear—they! no—it is Humphrey Clinker—he has drawn out ahead of his swift competitor—it is but a short distance, however, between them. They ascend the hill—again they brush, on the quarter-stretch—but the gelding can't come it—the horse keeps the track under a hard pull, and wins the heat with great ease. The gelding was prudently drawn, having been in training but three weeks.

Fourth day, mile heats, purse consisted of the gate and entrance money, value \$115; two entries.

P. E. Duncan's b. g. Leopold, five years old, by Young Virginian, dam	1
by Douglas' Wonder,	
W. Blasingame's ch. f. Red Zela, four years old, by Redgauntlet, dam	blt.
by imp. Sultan,	

Time 2m. 2s.

The filly was badly rode, and suffered to run down the back stretch under a loose rein; consequently she soon 'run out,' and before she reached the last quarter, bolted.

The regular races were closed on this day. The club, however, made up a purse for the next day, Saturday, open to any horses owned by the citizens of the district. The following entries were made:

P. E. Duncan's b. m. Lady Matilda, five years old, by Young Virginian,	1
dam by Ajax, 111lbs.	
W. L. Yancey's ch. g. Kinderhook, five years old, by Cambridge Eclipse,	2
dam unknown, 95 lbs.	
Moses Duncan's b. f. Madelaide, four years old, by Young Virginian, dam	3
by —, 97lbs.	
W. Blasingame's ch. g. Ben Skinner, five years old, sire and dam un-	dis.
known, 115lbs.	
Time, 1m. 59½s.	

Great expectation was excited from the known game of several of the nags. All started in beautiful style; but Lady Matilda and Kinderhook soon pushed from the crowd, and the race evidently was between them, the mare leading at a rapid pace, and the gelding trailing a length or so in the rear, under an easy pull. At the end of the half mile, the gelding was seen to lock the mare, by a few leaps, in most gallant style; when, unfortunately, he threw his rider, and the check which the falling rider gave him, brought him nearly to a stop. The nags in the rear, however, were closing up, and he again resumed his gallop, coming in within three lengths of the Lady Matilda, who won the race—Madelaide under whip and spur, just dropping inside of the distance pole—the chestnut gelding distanced.

It is but justice to Kinderhook to say, that he was an untrained nag, contending with nags which had been in training four or five weeks.

The track a full mile.

Thus have terminated the first annual races on this course. The course is to be restricted to horses owned in this district another year. By that time we hope to have some nags among us, which will be able to compete honourably with those owned by our knowing friends of other districts.

W. L. YANCEY, Sec'y.

CYNTHIANA (Ken.) RACES.

We have organized a Jockey Club at this place, called the Cynthiana Jockey Club, to continue five years. The proprietor Mr. Jas. J. Allen, is making extensive arrangements—the track is excellent and is precisely a mile, and will be railled in by spring. Alex. Givens has been elected President, and J. W. McIntosh, Secretary.

The fall meeting over the Cynthiana Course, commenced on October 12, 1836, and continued four days. For two year olds, a feather, for three year olds, 75lbs. for four year olds, 90lbs. for five years olds, 103lbs. for six year olds, 114lbs. aged, 120lbs.

First day, sweepstakes for two year old colts, mile heats, purse \$75.

Dr. J. N. Menifee's bl. f. Lady Franklin, by imp. Amurath, dam by	2	1
Virginian,		

Jas. E. Hutchison's b. f. Miss Bertrand, by Bertrand, dam by Darnaby's	1	2
Diomed,		

Alexander Miller's gr. c. Charles Clinton, by Clinton, dam by Pacolet, dis.
In making the second turn in the second heat, the Amurath filly ran inside of the pole—of course lost the race.

Time, 1m. 59s.—2m. 2s.

Second race, same day, a match, mile heats, \$100 a side.

Dr. J. N. Menifee's gr. c. Bluebeard, four years old, by imp. Contract,	1	1
dam by Virginian,		

Wm. Hollady's b. f. three years old, by Bertrand,	2	2
Time, 1m. 54s.—2m. 1s.		

Second day, three mile heats, purse \$140.

Lamme & Givens' b. h. Severe, five years old, by Kosciusko, dam by	1	1
Virginia Whip,		

Jas. E. Hutchison's b. h. Bill Martin, by Buck Elk, dam imp. Diomed,	2	2
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Alex. Miller's b. c. Citizen, three years old, by Cherokee, dam by	3	dis.
Pacolet,		

Francis Coleman's bl. h. Akamanzar, by Cherokee, dam by Atlas,	4	dis.
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Time 6m. 11s.—6m. 20s.

Second race, same day, purse \$40, mile heats for two year olds.

J. Shawhan's ch. filly,	1	1
R. Soward's ch. filly,	2	2

Time, 1m. 59s.—2m. 1s.

Third day, two mile heats, purse \$90.

James J. Hogan's b. f. Fanny Hill, four years old, by Stockholder,	1	1
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dam by Saxe Weimar,

Jos. Shawhan's ch. f. Polly Hopkins, three years old, by Cherokee,	2	2
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dam by Pantaloon,

Time, 4m. 11s.—4m. 32s. Track heavy.

Second race, same day, mile heats, purse \$20.

James Howard's ch. h. six years old,	2	1	1
Thos. Corder's ch. h. six years old,	3	3	2
J. W. McIntosh's b. f. four years old,	1	2	dr.
Dr. A. H. Innis' b. m. six years old,	4	dis.	

Time, 1m. 52s.—1m. 57s.—2m. 7s.

Fourth day, mile heats, purse \$95.

Jos. Shawhan's ch. h. Benj. Sutton, by Cherokee, dam by Comet,	2	1	1
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Dr. J. N. Menifee's g. c. Bluebeard, four years old, by imp. Contract, dam by Virginian,	1	2	2
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Matthew Given's ch. c. four years old, by Cherokee, dam by Double-head,	4	3	dr.
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Lewis P. Hollady's b. h. Bill Martin, by Buck Elk, dam by imp. Diomed,	5	4	dis.
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Francis Coleman's b. h. Alamanzar, by Cherokee, dam by Atlas,	6	5	dr.
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Wm. Miller's b. g. Buck, five years old, by Bertrand, dam by Tiger,	3	dr.
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Jas. E. Hutchison's b. f. Black Jaw, three years old, by Trumpator,	dr.
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Time, 1m. 56s.—1m. 56s.—2m.

J. W. McIntosh, Sec'y.

LOUISVILLE, (Ken.) RACES.

Sir,—Inclosed you have an account of races run over the Oakland course at the annual fall meeting, which began Oct. 19th. The weather was fine on the days of running, though a very heavy rain the night before the two mile race, which made the track quite muddy. The sport each day was quite good and well contested, though not numerously attended. The racing in September proved to be quite enough for one fall near our city.

First day, poststakes, for two year old colts, mile heats, entrance \$100; rides 75lbs.

Lewis Sanders, Jr's b. c. by Bertrand, dam Lady Gray,	2	1	1
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James W. Fenwick's b. c. Morehead, by Woodpecker, dam by Ball's Florizel,	3	2	2
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Wm. Buford's ch. c. Tippecanoe, by Collier, dam by Bertrand,	4	3	dis.*
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James Shy's b. f. by Tiger, dam a quarter mare,	1	dis.
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Time, 1m. 58s.—2m. 2m.

Second day, two mile heats, purse \$200.

Sidney Burbridge's ch. c. Sportsman, four years old by Brunswick, dam by Hamiltonian,	1	1
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Thos. Scruggs' g. c. by Waxv, three years old, dam by Tiger,	3	2
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Wm. Buford's b. h. Daniel Webster, five years old, by Bertrand, dam Bluster, by imported Bluster,	2	3
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Time, 4m. 26s.—4m. 49s. Track very heavy.

Third day, three mile heats, purse \$400.

James Shy's br. f. Maria Louisa, four years old by Muckle John, dam by Gallatin,	1	1
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Sidney Burbridge's ch. c. Big John, three years old, by Bertrand, dam by Hamiltonian,	2	2
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Robert Burbridge's, g. m. Sarah Miller, five years old, by Cherokee, dam by Whipster,	3	3
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Thomas B. Scruggs' c. h. Master Burke, seven years old by Aratus,	dis.
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Time, 6m. 19s.—6m. 26s.

* Caused from stopping him and not letting him run out.

Fourth day, mile heats, three best in five, purse \$150.

Wm. Buford's ch. h. Adam, five years old, by Brunswick, dam by Prince Richard,	1	1	1
Sidney Burbridge's ch. c. Sportsman, four years old, by Brunswick, dam by Hamiltonian,	3	2	2
James Shy's ch. c. Sir George, four years old, by Ratler, dam by Potomac,	2	3	dis.
Thos. B. Scrugg's ch. f. three years old, by Shakspeare,	4	4	dis.
Time, 2m. 1s.—1m. 56s.—2m.	A. TARLTON, Sec'ry.		

ST. STEPHEN'S PARISH, (S. C.) RACES.

In accordance with a rule of the St. Stephen's Jockey Club, adopted at its last annual meeting, I send you the result of the races for publication.

The races commenced on the 24th of October, 1836.

On the day preceding the regular races, for a silver cup, mile heats.

Mr. R. Richardson's ch. f. Fair Ellen, three years old, by Bertrand, Jr. dam by Virginus, 90lbs.	2	1	1
Col. A. Fluds' g. h. Bodark, five years old, by Medley, dam Merino Ewe, 112lbs.	1	2	2
Dr. A. Darby's ch. f. Lilly Green, four years old, by Crusader, dam by Hephestion, 102lbs.	3	dis.	
Mr. J. Palmer's b. c. Watkins Leigh, three years old, by Van Buren, 90lbs.			dis.

Time, 1m. 55s.—1m. 54s.—1m. 56s.

First day, purse \$—two mile heats.

Col. A. Fluds' ch. h. Sir Kenneth, five years old, by Crusader, dam by Buzzard, 112lbs.	1	1	
Mr. W. H. B. Richardson's ch. f. Anna Carolina, four years old, by Crusader, dam Coquette, 102lbs.	2	2	
Time, 3m. 55s.—3m. 53.			

Second day, purse \$—mile heats.

Dr. A. Darby's ch. f. Miss Waddy, four years old, by Sir Charles, 102lbs.	1	1	
Mr. R. Richardson's ch. f. My-Aunt-Ponty-Pool, three years old, by Bertrand, Jr. dam Goldfinder, 90lbs.	2	2	
Col. A. Fluds' ch. f. Go-ahead, three years old, by Virginus, dam by Printer, 90lbs.	3	dis.	
Time, 1m. 55s.—1m. 57s.	T. W. PEYRE, Sec'ry.		

FRANKLIN (Ken.) ASSOCIATION RACES.

We have received from the secretary of the Franklin Association, the following account of the fall races. Having been present at several of the races, we cannot omit this opportunity of bearing testimony to the good order and uniform propriety with which the races were conducted. The performance of the horses, as will appear from the minutes of the time, was such as would have done no discredit to the most celebrated tracks in the Union.—*Commonwealth.*

Races over the Franklin Association course, commenced Nov. 2, 1836.

First day, sweepstakes, \$50 entrance; nine entries, six paid forfeit.

J. Sanders, Jr's b. c. Phaeton, by Bertrand, dam Lady Gray,	2	1	1
Henry Daniel's b. c. by Bertrand, dam by Gallatin,	1	2	dr.
John Harper's b. c. by Brunswick,			dis.
Time, 2m. 2s.—2m. 4s.			

Second day, purse \$300, three mile heats.

Sidney Burbridge's Big John, by Bertrand, dam by Hamiltonian,	1	1	
James Shy's b. f. Maria Louisa, four years old, by Muckle John, dam by Gallatin.	2	2	
T. J. Robinson's b. c. Jim Allen, four years old, by Sir Archy of Transport,	3	3	
Time, 5m. 56s.—6m.			

Third day, purse \$200, two mile heats.

Mason Thompson's b. f. Eliza Bailey, four years old, by Columbus, 1 1
dam by Stockholder,

George W. Tarleton's g. c. Wm. Harrison, three years old, by Trumpator, dam by Doublehead, 3 2

W. Sanders ch. h. Unit, five years old, by McDuffie, dam by Sumter, 4 3

Peter Gatewood's b. f. Fidget, four years old, by Trumpator, dam by Gallatin, 2 dis.

Time, 4m. 4s.—3m. 52s.

Fourth day, purse \$100, mile heats.

Mason Thompson's b. f. Mary McFarland, three years old, by Columbus, 1 1
Major Stephenson's ch. c. by Shakspeare, 2 2

Time, 1m. 57s.—1m. 52s.

Same day, sweepstakes, \$25 entrance; four entries.

Benjamin Luckett's Chilton, four years old, by Seagull, dam by Wonder, 3 1 1

Major Stephenson's ch. h. Drunkard, five years old, by Sumter, 2 2 2
dam by Moses, 1 3 3

John Harris' Bob Collins, five years old, by Ratler,

T. W. Noel's b. h. Dey of Algiers, by Seagull, five years old, dam by Sumter, 4 dis.

Time, 1m. 56s.—1m. 57s.—1m. 52s. Each horse carrying 80lbs.

ZANESVILLE (Ohio) RACES.

Commenced on Tuesday, November 1.

First day, three year olds, mile heats.

Mr. J. Fawcett's (E. Clackson's) ch. c. Altorf, by Cadmus, dam by Bertrand, 86lbs. 0 4 1 1

Mr. Lewis' ch. f. by Sir Charles, Jr. 0 1 2 2

Mr. Webster's bl. c. by Surprise, 0 2 3 3

Time, 1m. 58s.—1m. 59s.—1m. 54s.—2m. Five others distanced.

Second day, two mile heats.

Fawcett & Wade's br. f. Corinna, four years old, by Trumpator, dam by Director, 97lbs. 1 1

Col. Stockton's br. g. Col. Jack, four years old, by Gracchus, 2 2

Mr. Palmerly's b. h. Gracchus by Gracchus, six years old, 3 3

Three others distanced.

Third day, three mile heats.

Mr. Stockton's ch. g. Crouder, four years old, by Pirate, 4 1 1

W. L. Thompson's br. h. Van Buren, six years old, by Kosciusko, 1 2 2

Fawcett and Wade's b. h. Duff Green by Bertrand, dam by Hambletonian, r. o.

Mr. Stewart's ch. h. Waverly, and Mr. Ball's br. f. Spark, also started.

[The foregoing report, with remarks, comes to us anonymously. We have made the best report we could out of the matter furnished by our correspondent, but it is very far from being complete. We cannot publish the remarks of Fair Play, on anonymous authority.]

NEWBERRY, (S. C.) JOCKEY CLUB RACES.

Fall meeting 1836, commenced Tuesday, Nov. 22.

First day, Jockey Club purse \$300, three mile heats.

Town and Smith's bl. f. Blackbird, four years old, by Arab, dam by Virginian, 1 1

Col. James H. Adams' ch. h. Sir Kenneth, five years old, by Crusader, 2 2
dam by Buzzard,

Mr. G. Edmonson's br. f. Mary Jackson, four years old, by Jackson, dis.
dam by Janus,

Time, 6m. 12s.—6m. 10s.

Second day, Jockey Club purse \$225, two mile heats.

Col. James H. Adams' b. f. Hebe, four years old, by Gohanna, dam by Sir Charles,	2	1	1
Town and Smith's b. h. Paul Pry,* five years old, by Monsieur Tonson, dam by Contention,	1	2	dr.

Time, 3m. 55s.—4m.

Third day, Jockey Club purse, \$150, mile heats.

Town and Smith's b. f. Leanah, three years old, by Seagull, dam by Whipster,	1	1
G. Edmonson's b. f. Jane Reed, four years old, by Lance, dam by Expedition,	3	2
James Criswell's ch. c. Jim Henry, three years old, by Murat, dam by Director,	2	3

Time, 1m. 58s.—2m.

Fourth day, entrance money of this and the preceding days, purse, \$180, mile heats, best three in five.

Col. James H. Adams' ch. h. Sir Kenneth, five years old, by Crusader, dam by Buzzard,	2	2	1	1	1
Town and Smith's ch. f. Miss Newbury, four years old, by Rob Roy, dam by Hephestion.	1	1	2	2	2
G. Edmonson's b. f. Jane Reed,† four years old, by Lance, dam by Expedition,	4	dis.			
James Criswell's ch. c. Tom Ruffin,‡ three years old, by Monsieur Tonson, dam Betsey Ruffin,	3	dr.			

Time, 1m. 55s.—1m. 55.—1m. 58s.—1m. 58s.—2m.

This was one of the handsomest and best contested races ever run over this course, every heat being a very close one, and hardly contended for between Sir Kenneth and Miss Newbury.

Our track will be much improved by the next annual meeting, at which time two sweepstakes races will come off, the one for two and the other for three year olds.

R. STEWART, Sec'y.

ST. MATTHEW'S (S. C.) RACES.

Commenced Nov. 22d, 1836.

First day, colt stake, two mile heats, \$100 entrance, h. f. nine subscribers.

Wm. Sinkles' ch. c. by Bertrand, Jr. dam Carolina, by Buzzard,	0	1	1
J. I. Moore's ch. f. by Bertrand, jr. dam Leocadia, the dam of Little Venus,	3	2	2
P. M. Buller's b. c. by Valentine, dam by Sir Solomon,	0	3	dis.

Time, 4m. 10s.—4m. 15s.—4m. 22s.

Same day, colt stakes, two mile heats, \$200 entrance, p. p. four subscribers, two started.

J. H. Adams' g. c. by Monsieur Tonson, dam by Oscar,	1	1
P. McRay's ch. f. by Godolphin, dam by Kosciusko,	2	2

Time, 4m. 12s.—4m. 30s.

Second day, three mile heats, purse \$—.

Dr. Ginyard's ch. g. Clodhopper, four years old,	3	1	1
Capt. Harrison's g. m. Chestatee, five years old, by Bertrand, Jr. dam by Gallatin,	2	2	dr.
D. Rowe's b. h. Vertumnus, five years old, by Eclipse, dam by Defiance,	1	dis.	
A. Flud's g. h. Bowdark, five years old, by Medley, dam Merino Ewe,		dis.	

Time, 6m. 16s.—6m. 17s.

* Paul Pry was drawn after the second heat, in consequence of becoming lame.

† Jane Reed was distanced in consequence of the rider pulling up so as to lose a distance in the first quarter, and held on until it was too late to recover the distance.

‡ Tom Ruffin was evidently out of order and drawn after the first heat.

Third day, two mile heats, purse, \$—.

D. Rowe's ch. m. Lady Morgan, five years old, by John Richards, dam
by Expedition, 1 1

Capt. Harrison's ch. m. Eliza Hicks, by Timoleon, dam by Potomac, 2 2
Time, 4m. 6s.—4m. 7s.

Fourth day, two mile heats, purse \$—.

D. Rowe's b. h. Vertumnus, five years old, 1 1
J. H. Adams' g. c. three years old, by Monsieur Tonson, 2 2
Wm. Sinkle's ch. m. five years old, by Claremont, 3 dr.
Time, 4m. 11s.—4m. 14s.

The track is a very heavy one, which accounts for the bad time. Some horses were here that had the week previous, at Camden, made fine time. The sport was fine, every day well contested. In the three mile race there was great disappointment in the result. The first heat was won by Vertumnus—he took the lead the second heat, but gave out after running a mile and a quarter and was stopped. Clodhopper won this heat, beating the gray mare about a foot. The third heat Chestateer run locked with *Clod.* for two and a half miles. She gave way in one of her hind legs, on the back stretch of the last mile, was instantly stopped, and it was with difficulty she was taken to the stable, where she died in three hours. She made, the week previous, a fine race at Camden, and was rated among our best horses.

OPELOUSAS (La.) RACES.

Fall meeting, commenced on November 10, 1836.

First day, a single dash of a mile for unmixed creole horses, purse \$100.
entrance \$15; four subscribers.

Antoine Dupre's bl. Buck,	- - - - -	1
Pierre Pouponne Petre's Cotral,	- - - - -	2
Benjamin Andrus' ch. g. Dick,	- - - - -	3
Andrew Lastrapes' b. g. Tom,	- - - - -	4

Time, 1m. 59s.

Second race, same day, mile heats, purse \$150, entrance \$25.

Andrew Lastrapes' Lord Marmion,	- - - - -	2 1
Thomas Quirk's filly,	- - - - -	1 dis.
Benjamin Andrus' b. h.	- - - - -	dis.

Second day, two mile heats, purse \$250, entrance \$50.

Jos. D. Thomson's ch. g. Sir William, by Clay's Sir William, dam Polli- fox, 100lbs.	- - - - -	1 dis.
E. W. Taylor's dk. g. George Washington,	- - - - -	-

Third day, three mile heats, purse \$300, entrance \$75.

Jesse Lum's b. g. Irishman, six years old, by Bertrand, dam unknown, walked over the course.

OFFICERS OF THE OPELOUSAS (La.) JOCKEY CLUB.

JACQUES DUPRE, *President.*

JESSE ANDRUS, *1st Vice-President.*

AMOS WEBB, *2d Vice-President.*

E. W. TAYLOR, *Secretary and Treasurer.*

B. F. LINTON, *Corresponding Secretary.*

STEWARDS.

Andrew Lastrapes,
Stephen W. Wikoff,
Auguste Dejean,
Jonathan Harris,

Lastie Dupre,
Lewis Andrus,
John L. Garrett,
William Link.

TURF REGISTER.

Stud of Thos. Barry of Gallatin, Tenn.

1. NELL SAUNDERS, a ch. m. foaled in 1814 or 1815, about fifteen hands high, she was got by Wilks' Old Wonder, (sire of Tennessee Oscar,) her dam Julietta, by imp. Dare Devil, her grandam Rosetta, by Wilkins' Centinel; her g. grandam Diana, by Clodius; her g. g. grandam Sally Painter, by imp. horse (Evan's) Starling; her g. g. g. grandam the imp. mare Silver, got by the Bellsize Arabian. Nell never had but one colt trained, that was got by Cotton's Volunteer, which was a very distinguished race nag in Louisiana. Nell also produced the dam of the celebrated four mile mare Piano, and her full sister, who has produced one or more winners by Stockholder.

Her produce, since the property of T. Barry.

1834, a b. f. by Cock-of-the-Rock.

1835, a b. c. by do. (dead.)

1836, a ch. c. by do.

Now stunted to Cotton's John Dawson.

Nell is for sale, price \$1,000. The same price is asked for her ch. colt.

2. GEMINA, a gr. f. fifteen and a half hands high, foaled in 1833; she was got by Sir Henry Tonson, her dam Proserpine, (who beat Gustin's Mercury three-mile heats, at Nashville, winning the first heat in 5m. 50s. under a hard pull, the track a few feet over a mile, Proserpine won several other races,) was got by Tennessee Oscar; her grandam by Old Pacolet; her g. grandam by Second Diomed; her g. g. grandam by Wild Deer; her g. g. g. grandam old Samson Sawyer's mare Widge, by imp. Fearnought. For Second Diomed and Wild Deer, see Turf Reg. vol. 3, page 487. Wild Deer is there called Wildair, through mistake. Gemina is short-legged, with a very deep and heavy body, she has never been trained—she was put to imp. Autocrat, the spring of 1836, but did not stand, and in July afterwards was put to Cock-of-the-Rock, and is certainly with foal. She is for sale, price \$600 cash.

3. PATTY PUFF, a ch. m. foaled in 1822, fourteen and three-quarter hands high. She was got by Old Pacolet, out of Rosy Clack, (dam of Tennessee Oscar, Washington, Hyena, Partnership, and other distinguished runners,) Patty is the dam of Angora, by Leviathan, and of Byron, by Stockholder; she

had three other colts by Stockholder, two of which were winners, and two of them were distinguished as hard bottomed nags.

Her produce, since the property of T. Barry.

1833, ch. c. by Crusader, sold at nine months old, for \$450, since at \$1500.

1834, b. c. by Cock-of-the-Rock, for sale, price \$3,000.

1835, ch. c. by Cock-of-the-Rock, for sale, price \$2,500.

1836, ch. c. by Cock-of-the-Rock, for sale, price \$1,500.

1836, stunted to imp. Leviathan.

Gallatin, Tenn. Oct. 22, 1836.

Stud of W. R. Peyton, of Gallatin, Tennessee.

1. OLD RATLER, (full brother to Sumpter, Childers, and Flirtilla,) a ch. h. fifteen and three-quarter hands high, foaled in 1815, for sale, price \$3,000.

2. Ch. c. fifteen and one-quarter hands high, foaled in 1833, got by Old Bertrand, out of the Duchess of Marlborough, for sale, price \$3,000.

3. B. c. fifteen and a half hands high, foaled in 1834, got by Old Bertrand, dam by Cherokee; grandam by imp. Buzzard, g. g. dam by imp. Pretender, &c. &c. Price \$1,500.

4. BLACK KITTY CLOVER, a bl. m. fifteen hands one and a half inches high, foaled in — she was got by American Eclipse, out of the dam of the renowned racehorse Sir Lovell. See Turf Reg.

Her produce:

1833, ch. f. by Old Ratler, for sale, price \$2,000.

1835, b. c. by Old Bertrand, matched against Linnet's full sister, for \$5,000.

1836, a c. or f. not seen, in Kentucky, Bertrand, stunted to do. left with Tranby, imported.

2. Is said to be by a good judge very much like John Bascomb, but rather superior to him in form. Any one wishing to buy any of the above stock will apply to T. Barry, in the owner's absence.

October 22, 1836.

Stud of Nicholas Stonestreet, of Charles county, Maryland.

PEGGY WHITE, (brood-mare,) purchased 31st Dec. 1832, of Augustus Mordecai.

Ch. m. six years old, was foaled on 27th February, spring of 1826. She was got by Robt. Bolling's, of Petersburg, imp. Arabian horse Syphax, her dam was got by Timoleon; her granddam by Wilkes' Wonder, (who was got by Old Diomed,) g. grandam, by Chanticleer; g. g. grandam by Gray Diomed. The mare colt by her side was foaled this summer, and was by William R. Johnson's famous horse Sir Charles. The Timoleon mare the dam of the Syphax mare I sold this fall, eleven years old and blind, for \$550.

AUGUSTUS MORDECAI.

I certify to the correctness of the above.

JOHN MINGE, Jr.

Fairfield, Nov. 3, 1833.

Produce of Peggy White.

1. Ch. f. by Sir Charles, (mentioned above by Mr. Mordecai,) which I purchased with the mare, and have named Rebecca the Jewess. This filly is in foal to Hotspur, 1836.

2. Ch. f. by Velocity, foaled spring 1834, named Jeannie Deans.

3. Missed to Tychicus, spring 1836.

4. Br. c. by imp. horse Autocrat, foaled spring 1836.

5. Stinted to Chateau Margaux, 1836.

LAMA, (brood-mare,) purchased of George Simms, of Prince George's county, Maryland.

Grey mare foaled spring 1827, was got by Rob Roy, (which was bred by John Randolph, of Roanoke,) her dam, (Daisy Cropper,) by Ogle's Oscar; grandam (Old Daisy,) by Gray Diomed; g. grandam by Hall's Union, which was also the dam of Dr. Edelen's celebrated mare Floretta.

Produce:

1. Ch. f. foaled spring 1834, by Timoleon, named Rowena.

2. Gr. f. foaled spring 1835, by Tychicus, named Lily.

3. Br. f. foaled spring 1836, by imp. Autocrat.

4. Stinted and in foal to Hotspur, (sire of Mazeppa,) 1836.

ISAAC OF YORK, gr. c. foaled spring 1833, by Sir Charles, dam (Mr. Edw. J. Hamilton's mare Ninon de l'Enclos,) by Thornton's (Wynn's) Ratler; grandam (Daisey Cropper,) by Ogle's Oscar; g. grandam Old Daisey, by Gray Diomed; g. g. grandam by Hall's Union, which was also the dam of Dr. Edelen's celebrated mare Floretta.

Nov. 5, 1836. N. STONESTREET.

Mr. Editor:

I send you for publication in your valuable A. T. Register, a continuation of the list of my blooded stock.

THOMAS EMMET, ch. c. (dropped July, 1836,) out of Sweet Erin, and got by Leopold. Sweet Erin died last August.

BEAU CATCHER, ch. f. (dropped July, 1836,) out of Cranberry, and got by Leopold.

FLETA, gr. f. three years old last spring, (bred by Jacob Van Dyke, Esq. of New Jersey,) by Col. Wm. R. Johnson's Medley, out of Rosalinda, by Ogle's Oscar. See A. T. Reg. vol. 3, page 369.

SYDNEY, b. h. seven years old last spring, by Col. Wm. R. Johnson's Sir Charles, out of a Ratler mare.

PASSPORT, b. f. (dropped August 5, 1835,) by Barrister, out of Lane Nettletop, by Andrew Jackson, by Gray Eagle. See A. T. Reg. vol. 6, p. 531.

The following is a true copy of a certificate from Wm. J. Phillips, Esq. a very aged and respectable sportsman of New Jersey, viz.

This is to certify, Gray Eagle, (whose pedigree is called for in the A. T. Reg. vol. 6, page 531,) was never owned by Hunt. He was bred by Mr. Hilliard, of Burlington county, New Jersey, and was latterly owned by Capt. Davison, and Mr. English, of the said county, and was got by Sylvanus Hutchinson's gray horse Messenger, by imp. Messenger. Gray Eagle's dam was got by imp. Paymaster, out of a mare by imp. Bay Richmond—Paymaster was imp. by Dr. Norris, about forty-seven years ago.

The gray horse Gen. Andrew Jackson, spoken of in the A. T. Reg. vol. 6, page 531, was got by the above Gray Eagle; his dam was the ch. m. Matilda, owned by Anthony Taylor, of Penn. which mare he purchased of Bond and Hughes, was got by the Virginia horse Mogul, (who was also the sire of Georgiana,) his grandam was Gen. Gunn's Permillia, who was a full sister to Gen. Wade Hampton's Paragon, by Flimnap.

Given under my hand this third day of July, A. D. 1836, at Lawrenceville, Hunterdon county, New Jersey.

Signed, WM. J. PHILLIPS.

The following are two certificates from Jesse W. Seaman, of New York, and John C. Van Derveer, of Flatbush, Long Island, now in my possession, to wit:

This is to certify that the bay horse Henry Archy, that I have this day sold to E. A. Darcy, was bred by the late Abiel Brush, of the city of New York, was eight years old last spring, was got by Henry, (the celebrated competitor of American Eclipse,) his dam was got by American Eclipse; his grandam was got by Mr. Van Derveer's Hamlet; his g. grandam by imp. Messenger, out of Capt. Codwise's imp. mare, who was imp. by the Captain, about the time that Baronet and the Pot8os mare were imp. by Mr. Constable.

Signed, JESSE W. SEAMAN, Ex'tr of the estate of the late Abiel Brush.

New York, July 11, 1836.

Hamlet was got by Tippoo Saib; his dam by imp. Messenger, which mare was the dam of Empress, who was the grandam of Ariel, Lance, O'Kelly, &c. Tippoo Saib, was got by imp. Messenger, out of the imp. mare by Northumberland; her dam by Snap, &c. See A. T. Reg.

Signed, JOHN C. VAN DERVEER.
Flatbush, Long Island, June 9, 1836.

The above is a true copy now in my possession, from Mr. Van Derveer.

Signed, JESSE W. SEAMAN.
New York, July 11, 1836.

Jerseyville, Green county, Ill.
Nov. 22, 1836. E. A. DARCY.

Mr. Editor:

In compliance with a request contained in a recent number of your valuable Register, to have the pedigree of all thoroughbred stallions recorded, I send you that of a horse owned by me and now standing at this place, called Young Virginian. He was bred by Gen. W. Thompson, of this District, and foaled the spring 1824, was sired by the celebrated racehorse Virginian, whose pedigree and unrivalled performances on the turf are too well known to require comment now from any one. His dam Young Favourite, a gray mare, raised by Col. Wyche, of Sussex county, Virginia, was sired by imp. Bedford; his grandam by imp. Diomed, &c. See A. T. Reg. vol. 4, p. 655; his g. grandam by Col. Tayloe's Bellair, (he by old imp. Medley,) see Turf Reg. vol. 1, No. 7, p. 197; his g. g. grandam by Clockfast; g. g. g. grandam by Partner, Traveller, and the Godolphin Arabian. Young Virginian's blood is not only pure, but he is of the richest crosses, having descended from a noble ancestry on both sides, every one of which, for several generations, were amongst the best racers of their day. He was put in training at three years old, but from a permanent injury received, has

never since appeared on the turf. The oldest of his colts are now just grown up, and it is but reasonable to calculate that some of them will soon find their way upon the turf, if so, they may yet reflect credit upon the noble ancestry from which he himself has sprung. He is a rich blood bay, with black legs, mane and tail, and just fifteen and a half hands high, under the standard. He is of a fine form, combining great strength and stamina of bone and muscle, with an attractive beauty rarely surpassed. It should be borne in mind too, that he is half brother to Polly Hopkins and Betsey Ransom, who were amongst the most celebrated racers of their day, and the only two mares, I believe, ever exported from the United States to England, while to Shakspeare, Lafayette and Arietta, (Johnson's,) as well as to the unrivalled Mercury, he bears the same relation.

P. E. DUNCAN.

Greenville, S. Carolina, July 1, 1836.

Blooded stock belonging to Charles W. McClanahan, Big Lick, Va.

1. Ch. m. sixteen years old, sired by Assiduous, dam by Montezuma, grandam by imp. Bedford, &c.

2. PATSEY COLBERT, br. m. eight years old, sired by Sir Archy, dam by Sir Hal; grandam by imp. old Bedford; g. grandam by imp. Diomed; g. g. grandam Rosetta, by Wilkins' Sentinel; g. g. g. grandam Diana, by old Claudius, &c.

3. LADY BADGER, b. m. eight years old, sired by John Richards, dam by Sir Solomon; grandam out of the dam of Sir Walter; g. grandam Nettle-top; g. g. grandam by imp. Shark; g. g. grandam by Lindsay's Arabian; g. g. g. grandam by Mark Antony, &c.

4. DONNA MARIA, ch. m. six years old, out of No. 1, by Sir Hal.

5. B. m. four years old by Shakspeare, dam the dam of R. F. Stockton's colt Cumberland.

6. BETTY WHITE, ch. f. two years old, by Alonzo, out of No. 1.

7. MANONME, ch. c. two years old, by Monsieur Tonson, out of No. 2.

8. MALEK ADHEL, ch. c. three years old, by Worman's Henry, out of No. 1.

9. MARY BOOKER, br. f. one year old, by Mercury, out of No. 2.

Blooded stock of T. R. S. Boyce, Ellicott's Mills, Md.

1. APPARITION, imp. nine years old, by Spectre, dam Young Cranberry, by Thunderbolt.

2. GOLDBOY, five years old, by In-

dustry, dam Ogle's Oscar, dam of Rebecca Coleman.

3. **BROKER**, three years old, by Sussex, dam Jesse, by Telegraph.

4. **JOSHUA**, five years old, by Gohanna, dam by Eclipse Herod.

5. **DANIEL STAR**, three years old, by Star, dam by Peacemaker.

6. **FATHOM**, two years old, by Apparition.

7. Filly, two years old, by Apparition, dam by Tuckahoe.

8. Filly, by John Richards, dam by Tuckahoe, dropped in the spring of 1836.

9. Colt, by Maryland Eclipse, dam Selima, by Top Gallant, recently owned by Phillip Wallis, Esq. All the above are bays.

10. Bay mare, thirteen years old, by Tuckahoe, dam by Hickory. In foal to Apparition.

11. Ch. m. five years old, by Monsieur Tonson, dam by Paragon.

Dec. 23, 1836. T. R. S. BOYCE.

Mr. Editor :

In your November number, I find a considerable dispute between Dr. Shorb and Mr. Bowie, about their rights to a particular name for their respective fillies, from which I learn, that they must have been pretty hard run to get names, that were not already appropriated. Lest I might, by delay, and the great increase of blood stock, get into the same predicament for my colts, I now take the liberty of informing the sporting world, through the Register, that they will be called, as below. I hope there will be less danger of confounding them with any others, than there is of confounding *Annot Lyle* with *Annot Lisle*.

COURIER, ch. c. by Grand Turk, dam Roseman, by old Gallatin. Grand Turk is by Eclipse, out of Blank. Foaled May 13, 1835.

VICTORY, b. c. by imp. Victory, dam Nell, by Duroc, grandam Stargazer, by Hopperboy, full brother to Miller's Damself, (dam of Amer. Eclipse,) g. grandam May Flower, by Wildair; g. g. grandam by Sourkrout.

Imp. Victory was drowned in the Philadelphia dock last April, and was, by Waterloo, out of Adeline, (sister of Adeliza,) by Soothsayer.

Waterloo was by Walton, out of Penelope, by Trumpator. Penelope was also the dam of Whalebone.

Duroc was by Diomed, and Hopperboy by Messenger.

Victory is believed to be the only colt of his sire south of the Potomac, and was foaled April 19, 1835.

VIDOCQ, b. c. by Bertrand, jr. dam Nell, foaled April 18, 1836. I have never heard of but one namesake of Vidocq, and no one will be likely to confound him with Napoleon's police officer.

These colts were all foaled in Richmond county, Georgia.

Respectfully,

J. G. M. WHORTER.

Augusta, Geo. Nov. 21, 1836.

WHITE SILK, gr. m. by Carolinian, her dam Sweet Mary, by Sir Walter Raleigh; her grandam was called Phœnix, and was by Barmecide; her g. grandam by One Eye; her g. g. grandam was by Janus, and her g. g. g. grandam was by Janus. Carolinian was by imp. True Blue, out of Duke Johnson's old Medley mare. One Eye was a Janus horse, and acknowledged to have been one of the speediest sons of that remarkable horse. Walter Raleigh and Barmecide were good sons of the great Mark Antony. Sweet Mary and Phœnix, were good race nags. It will be seen that White Silk, combines in a great degree, the blood of imp. Medley, Mark Antony, and imp. Janus.

BARBER ALLEN, gr. f. four years old, last grass, by Washington, out of White Silk, untried.

WONA, b. f. two years old last grass, by Monsieur Tonson, also out of White Silk, very handsome.

R. CARTER HILLIARD.

Nash co. N. Carolina, Aug. 1836.

Blooded stock belonging to Mack Goode, Esq. Charlotte co. Va.

1. **PERUVIAN**, a bay stallion, sixteen hands high, foaled 1831, got by Gohanna, his dam by Madison, grandam by Watkins' Dragon, Ball's Florizel, Old Celer, Twigg, old Fearnought.

2. **ZOE**, a dark bay mare, got by Edmondston's Janus, Green's Oscar, son of old Diomed, Picture, Sweet Larry.

1835, b. c. Alonzo, by Marion.

1836, bl. f. Melessa, by Eclipse Light-foot.

Put to Shark, and supposed to be in foal in December, 1836.

3. **WINNEFRED**, a very highly formed bay mare, formerly the property of Thomas Graves of Chesterfield county, Va. foaled about 1820, fifteen hands high, got by Shylock—Sting, by old Diomed—Cade's, by Wormley's King Herod—Primrose, by Dove—Stella, by Othello—Tasker's imp. mare Selima.

1836, b. c. Stephen Olen, by Monsieur. I am sir, your ob't ser'vt,

MACK GOODE.

Charlotte county, Va.